Applied Science
.U58
V.6
nos 17-22
1927

THE U.F.A.

OFFICIAL ORGAN
THE UNITED FARMERS OF ALBERTA
ALBERTA CO-OPERATIVE MARKETING POOLS

Vol. VI. CALGARY, ALBERTA, JULY 4th, 1927 No. 17

The Wheat Pool is the Farmer "Minding His Own Business"

THERE is evidently on the part of the farmers everywhere a quiet determination to attend to their own business, in their own way, without being excited or disturbed, turned to the right or left, retarded or hurried by criticism or opposition from any source whatsoever that attempts to impede the progress of the Wheat Pool movement.

Among farmers and business men throughout Canada, there is a decided opinion that the Wheat Pool has been an important factor in the returning prosperity of Western Canada. The manner in which the Second Series contracts are being signed is ample evidence that the grain growers are determined to see that their own marketing system will be continued and extended throughout Western Canada.

MASTER MECHANIC OVERALLS - AND SHIRTS

You never wore a work garment that will give you the delight of the

Master Mechanic Coat Shirt

The picture gives but a faint impression of its surpassing comfort, convenience and wearing quality.

Made in all the popular materials and colors.

Also manufacturers of the famous W. K. line of Work Clothes

Western King Mfg. Co. Ltd.
Winnipeg.

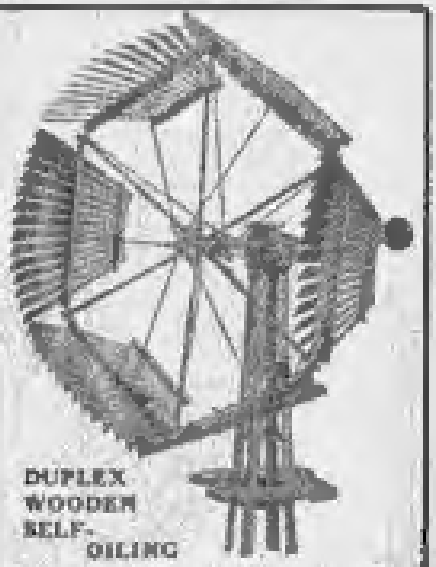
For 15 Years the LEADING WEEDER on the Market

Now Better Than Ever!
SEE IT AT CALGARY AND EDMONTON FAIRS

THE ALL STEEL HEAVY TYPE CHENEY ROTARY ROD WEEDER

This new model is the last word in weeder construction. The heavy all steel frame is raised 6 inches by higher wheels that are also made wider to provide additional traction. The strong lifting device regulates the working depth of the revolving square rod, or raises it above ground for transporting. Every farmer needs this triple purpose implement—it weeds, mulches and packs, all in one operation, in all soil conditions. Write for full details.

Northern Machinery Company, Ltd.
CALGARY—EDMONTON



DUPLEX WOODEN SELF-OILING

Vaneless Windmill

10 ft. Wooden Wheel, $79.00
STEEL TOWERS, 30 ft. to 80 ft.
PRICES ON APPLICATION

Also 8 ft. Double gear self-oiling Roller Bearing Windmill, steel wheels, $74.50
F.O.B. Calgary or Edmonton

DISTRIBUTORS FOR
Hart-Parr Tractors, White Steel Separators Gas Engines, Mono Motor Oils and Greases Etc.
WRITE FOR CATALOGUE

United Engines & Threshers Ltd.
CALGARY and EDMONTON

LIBRARY OF THE UNIVERSITY OF ALBERTA

SUBSCRIPTION

One Year.....$0.50

Single Copies.....5 cents

Make remittances by money order or postal note. We cannot accept responsibility for currency forwarded through the mail.

Change of Address—When ordering a change of address, the former as well as the present address should be given; otherwise the alteration cannot be made.

CIRCULATION

Net paid circulation; issue June 15th, 1927.....46,400

THE U.F.A.

Published on the 1st and 15th of each month by

THE UNITED FARMERS OF ALBERTA

Lougheed Building

CALGARY - ALBERTA

Official Organ of

THE ALBERTA WHEAT POOL

THE ALBERTA LIVESTOCK POOL

THE ALBERTA DAIRY POOL

THE ALBERTA EGG AND POULTRY POOL

Editor

W. DONGLAS MUIR

ADVERTISING

Commercial Display.....80c per agate line

($6.50 per inch)

Livestock Display.....(rates on application)

Classified.....2c per word prepaid

No discount for time or space.

New copy must reach us 6 days in advance of publication to ensure insertion.

No advertisements taken for liquor, or speculative investment schemes. None other than reliable advertisements will be knowingly accepted. Readers will confer a favor by advising us promptly of unsatisfactory dealings with advertisers.

Vol. VI. CALGARY, ALBERTA, JULY 4th, 1927 No. 17

Principal Contents

	Page
Editorial	3
Barons Farmer Reveals His Ignorance	4
Distillery Contributed to Funds of Both Parties	4
"Great is Diana of the Ephesians"	5
British and United States Correspondents in China	6
News from Alberta Wheat Pool Head Office	8
Co-operation is Strongly Entrenched in Australia	9
Extracts from Pool Manager's Report	10
Nomination of Delegates	11
Nearer Pool Gets to 100% Greater the Benefits	11
Unbiased Opinions of Wheat Pool	12
Twelve Reasons Why I Belong to the Wheat Pool	13
Splendid Progress Being Made in Drive	14
Forecasts a Higher Grain Price Era	14
The "Serious Charges"	15
The U.F.W.A. and Junior Branch	16
The English Countryside in Spring	16
Loyalty Juniors Win Efficiency Banner	16
The U.F.A. Pattern Department	18
Plan Co-operative Wholesale for West	19
The Junior U.F.A. Conference	20
Cracking the Liberal Whip-lash Over Alberta	22
Correspondence	22
News of the Organization	24
"Hands Off China" is Demand	24
Wheat Pool Brevities	26
Selling Canada's Pooled Wheat	30
Co-operatives Unite with Unions Against Government Attack	30

EDITORIAL

THE IMPARTIALITY OF THE DISTILLERS

During the sittings of the Parliamentary Committee which made the initial inquiry into the Customs scandal at Ottawa last year, Donald M. Kennedy, M.P., the U.F.A. representative for Peace River, obtained evidence from the chartered accountant who audited the books of a number of firms of Canadian distillers, that these concerns had contributed liberally to the funds of both Liberal and Conservative parties. The Royal Customs Commission which is now holding sittings in various parts of Canada has obtained further evidence to similar effect. The most noteworthy testimony perhaps, was that of James G. Lawrence, secretary-treasurer of the Consolidated Distilleries of Montreal who stated under oath, on June 15th, that more than $360,000 had been distributed by this company during a period of three and a half years, and that the money had been given impartially to both political parties. We base this statement on a Canadian despatch reprinted in this issue.

This evidence serves to call attention to the well-known fact that both of the old political parties are dependent for their sinews of war upon centralized interests which desire, and generally obtain, special favors. Those who pay the piper usually call the tune, and as the interests now dominant in Canada have no politics but their own commercial and financial advantage, the tune is very much the same whichever party may be in power.

The Alberta farmers who are organized in the U. F. A. themselves finance their own political activities; they have no funds except the funds they themselves provide. That is the reason why their political representatives are freely nominated by the people, and why the elected members are free to serve the people.

No public representative can serve two masters. Members elected by the old parties, however good their intentions, may be compelled to make a choice between service of the interests which provide their party funds and single-minded service of the people of Canada. If they make the former choice they can remain in public life; if the latter, sooner or later they are likely to find themselves under official boycott. The U. F. A. representatives, like those of the Labor group, suffer no such embarrassment.

* * *

TITLES OF HONOR AND PARTY FUNDS

Lord Rosebery, in recent discussion of the subject of titles of honor, frankly stated that the campaign funds of the British Liberal and Conservative parties are largely obtained through the sale of peerages and knighthoods and baronetcies. That such is the practice has long been an open secret. Something in the nature of a definite assessment is made, and titles, it is stated, have been bought on a sliding scale of charges. In view of these revelations it is interesting to note that the party at present in power is seeking to deprive the trades unions of the funds which they obtain in small contributions from their individual members, much as the organized farmers of Alberta obtain their financial resources.

* * *

The most important evidence given before the Royal Customs Commission is the evidence concerning contributions of distilleries to political party funds. It is to be hoped that the Commission will make the inquiry into this matter thorough, sparing no individuals who may be affected, no matter how prominent a position such individuals may occupy in the political life of Canada.

* * *

As we go to press a tour of the agricultural areas of the Peace River block has just been completed by a party comprising U.F.A., Labor, Liberal and Conservative members of the Alberta Legislature, including five members of the Cabinet, and also other public and business men, for the purpose of studying the problems peculiar to this important and rapidly growing community of the North. An account of this tour and of impressions formed during the thousand miles journey by rail and car, will be commenced in our next issue.

* * *

"THE SICK LAND OF EUROPE"

"Italy is now the Sick Land of Europe, a fever patient, flushed with hectic resemblance to health and still capable of convulsive but not of sustained violence. She has murdered or exiled all her good Europeans. This romantic, magnificent, patriotic Fascist party, so exalted and devoted in its profession, will continue to grip the land, but of necessity it must become more and more the servant of foreign and domestic capital, and more and more must it set itself to reduce its dear and beloved Italy to a congested country of sweated workers and terrorized peasants, until at last it will be seen plainly as the industrial slum of Europe."—H. G. Wells, the British author.

* * *

ESPIONAGE

"Is it not notorious that all Governments practice espionage on one another? Why, only the other day, Sir William Joynson-Hicks boasted, by implication, that the British Secret Service is as efficient as any in the world; and some of the documents which Mr. Baldwin was able to quote on Tuesday were evidence of the justice of this claim. No: the test of espionage would show almost every Embassy in every capital in Europe."—The Nation and Athenaeum, London, England.

Barons Farmer Reveals His Ignorance in Letter to North-West Grain Dealers Association

A Few Things John A. Lund Did Not Know About the Grain Trade

AN IGNORANT FARMER

The ignorance of some farmers is appalling. The one who wrote the letter printed below to the Northwest Grain Dealers Association, did not know how important he had become; he did not know that the Grain Dealers Association had had a change of heart, he did not know that the Association had fallen in love with the farmers, and he did not even know that he was in a hurry.

So it is no wonder that, being already engaged, he rejects the love overtures of the N. W. Grain Dealers Association and advises them to seek their affinity elsewhere.

—*Editor, The U.F.A.*

Secretary,
The North-West Grain Dealers Assn.,
Winnipeg, Man.

Dear Sir:

Allow me to acknowledge a communication from your Association requesting me to state the reason for my hurry.

As I have been farming here for twenty years, and this is the first time your association has taken any notice of my doings, whether in a hurry or not, I am at a loss to understand this sudden interest in my welfare, so painstakingly and solicitously expressed, and all the gratuitous information re the old system of the handling of wheat, of which I already have a fair knowledge through experiences covering the period of time I have been raising wheat.

I can see only two reasons. One is that I, after all these years of struggle to retain enough of the value of my crops to pay my expenses and for a scanty living, all at once have become so important that even such a great organization as The Northwest Grain Dealers Association has found it necessary to notice me, all of which is incomprehensible to me.

The other is that that organization has experienced a change of heart, and realizes that it is high time that the goose that lays the golden eggs is given some consideration, lest it should die, and thus stop producing the toothsome morsels. This is also incomprehensible.

Why Your Interest in Me?

So for me to be able to answer your question "What's your hurry?" with some kind of intelligence, I will have to ask you to kindly give me some further information, including the full reason why your association is interested whether I am in a hurry or not.

In this connection I might state for the satisfaction of your association, that I was not in the least aware that I was in a greater hurry now than any time previously, rather less, because since we have succeeded to organize an adequate system of handling and disposing of our main product, even to the extent of being able to claim ownership of it until sold, much of my hurry and rush has been relieved and I am in a position to take things more easily and comfortably than has ever been possible before.

Have Previous Engagement

In case The Northwest Grain Dealers Association really has had a change of heart and fallen in love with the farmers, and proposes a closer relationship, I am sorry that I have to say for myself, and possibly for other farmers, that we will have to respectfully refuse the offer on account of a previous engagement.

Anyway, a closer relationship between the farmers and your association would not cause any satisfactory result on account of the entirely different outlook on life held by the respective parties. As far as I can see, the object in life by the members of your association or any other profit-seeking concern, is first and last to acquire individual wealth, regardless of what may happen to the balance of the people in the country, while the farmers' organizations are striving for a decent living and a prosperous country as a whole, studying to become good and intelligent citizens, capable of conducting their own affairs, and to create an economic system which will give everybody a just compensation for their contribution to the social well being of the whole nation. Your association is seeking profit in dollars and cents while the farmers are seeking life in a happy, prosperous and peaceful environment.

Not Silk in the Cloud

The farmers who by lifelong necessity have been in a hurry to keep ahead of the sheriff, can now see a rift in the cloud, and I am of the opinion that it takes more than the curiosity of The Northwest Grain Dealers Association regarding a hurry on part of the farmers of which they themselves are not aware, to cause them to stop dead still and turn back to primitive methods, depending on the brute strength of the money power, in their business dealings and social progress. So if my advice is of any value I would say to The Northwest Grain Dealers Association: Seek your affinity elsewhere, and don't worry about the hurry of me or any other farmer.

Respectfully yours,

JOHN A. LUND

Barons, Alta.

MOVEMENT OF FARM PEOPLE TO CITY

United States Government reports a larger movement of farm people to the city in 1926 than in any year since the war. About 2,000,000 farm people went to town. Approximately 1,000,000 townspeople moved to farms. Making allowance for the births during the year the net loss of farm population in the United States was 650,000.

* * *

FARM IMPLEMENT BUSINESS FLOURISHES

The farm implement businesses in the United States are working at top speed to fill their orders. Last year was the best year for the implement makers since the war and this year promises to be still better.

Distillery Contributed to Campaign Funds of Both Political Parties

Consolidated Distilleries, Ltd., Gave $300,000 in Three Years—Government Claims $1,000,000 Unpaid Sales Tax.

(Canadian Press)

MONTREAL, June 15.—Sittings of the Royal Customs Commission in Montreal closed Tuesday evening. About two weeks have been devoted to the inquiry here. The commission will now move to Quebec where sittings will open on Thursday morning. It is expected that they will occupy only two days.

Yesterday's sitting was devoted largly to questioning officials of the Consolidated Distilleries of Montreal. In the afternoon James G. Lawrence, secretary-treasurer of this company, gave the total amount of payments made to W. M. Egan, former Windsor, Ont., lawyer by the Consolidated Distilleries, as $3900. Egan, he said, received a commission of $2.00 a case on orders which he sent in to the company.

In earlier testimony, Mr. Lawrence revealed the fact that political contributions of the Consolidated Distilleries from June, 1923, to the end of December, 1926, totalled over $300,000. Payments were made to both parties.

"Even-handed justice," remarked Commissioner Wright.

The claims of the Dominion Government against the Consolidated Distilleries, for sales tax on export liquor shipped from Corbyville, Ont., amounts to $594,000. This is the amount which the Government claims is due up to December 31, 1926. In addition to this the Government claims $95,000 on export shipments from Wiser's Distillery at Prescott. The Wiser Distillery is a subsidiary of the Consolidated Distilleries. This makes a total claim by the Government up to December 31, 1926, of $980,000. The right of the government to collect sales tax on these shipments is contested by the distillers.

An estimate of the Government's total claim against the Consolidated for sales tax up to date was given by Hon. N. W. Rowell, K.C., commission counsel, as about $1,060,000.

James MacDonnell, a member of the council of the Montreal Board of Trade, appeared before the commission yesterday and protested against the "secret prosecution" of dishonest importers. Mr. MacDonnell stated that he was merely emphasizing a grievance of long standing which had been brought to the attention of the Customs Department 17 years ago. He had appeared before the Parliamentary committee and made similar representations.

"Great Is Diana of the Ephesians"

Opposition of Grain Trade Interests to New Idea in Grain Marketing Paralleled in Biblical Story

By James P. Watson, Chinook

"Why the Hurry?" asks a recent pamphlet from the Grain Exchange. "Why the Holler?" retorts Mr. Watson, in the article printed below; thus, although Scottish, following a custom reputedly Irish. Mr. Watson is well known as an active worker in the U.F.A. and the Wheat Pool.

I feel awfully neglected these days. Since going out on the drive I find that almost all my farmer friends have been deluged with grain trade pamphlets. The old song "Nobody ever brings presents to me," hums in my ears. Why, oh why, does nobody send me any of this precious mis-information? The only chance I have had of perusing this dope is when I get a second hand whiff of it. Perhaps the grain trade knows that my constitution couldn't stand too much of it, and may Heaven bless them for their consideration.

BY THIS CRAFT WE HAVE OUR WEALTH

I read sometimes in a very ancient book, wherein I oftimes find some new ideas, as well as many indications that history repeats itself. This morning I came across a good one. A certain Paul went down to an old world town named Ephesus. This old bleer-eyed tent-maker had a new idea, as well as a tremendous versatility for its proclamation. His idea lay in the religious field, and was neither more nor less than a new conception of the creator. But the people of this town were already crystallised in their conceptions, and the strange new doctrine created a furore. But here is the part that struck me—"A certain man named Demetrius, a silversmith, which made silver shrines for Diana, brought NO SMALL GAIN to the CRAFTSMEN, called together the workmen of like occupation and said—Sirs, ye know that by this craft WE HAVE OUR WEALTH; moreover we see and hear that not only at Ephesus but throughout the world this Paul hath persuaded and turned away much people saying that they be no gods which are made with hands, so that NOT ONLY THIS OUR CRAFT IS IN DANGER TO BE SET AT NOUGHT but also that the temple of the great goddess Diana should be despised and her magnificence should be destroyed whom all Asia and the world worshippeth."

These craftsmen then put their heads together, as the saying is, and decided on a course of action. What was it? Oh awfully simple. They started to holler their heads off. What was their cry? Just this—"Great is Diana of the Ephesians." In less time than it takes to put it in language the whole populace was shouting "Great is Diana," but the funny part at this distance from the event is that the record goes on to state that "some cried one thing and some another, for the assembly was confused and the more part knew not wherefore they were come together."

Does the reader get his cue from the foregoing as to why the West has been honored once more by a visit from a modern Demetrius in the shape of Dr. Magill, secretary of the Grain Exchange at Winnipeg? Does the wheat grower take a tumble as to the meaning of the tumult and the shouting—"Great is the institution built up by the grain trade and the transportation companies during the last forty years." It is to laugh. Reminiscences of a former visit of this wizard surge through my consciousness. It will bear repeating.

FIVE DOLLAR WHEAT—AT ONE DOLLAR TEN

In the year 1919, which seems ages ago, the termination of the National Wheat Board was mooted. During the period of the Board's operation there was, to all intents and purposes, a padlock on the doors leading to the pit wherein consorted the bulls and bears of the grain trade. The secretary was therefore not any too busy. So he had lots of time to visit the west. He had then as now a slogan. This year his slogan is "Why the Hurry?" Then it was, "Discontinue the Wheat Board and see wheat climb to FIVE DOLLARS." The former happened, but as to the latter, well the path had been soft soaped; for wheat tobogganed from around $2.41 till it reached $1.10, where is stayed for a little while, after which it gradually dropped to around 75 cents in 1923. Dr. Magill dropped out of my conscious mind at the time, but the subconscious must have chalked him up as a glorious liar, for at the mention of his name I find myself reaching and reach for the salt.

FORTY YEARS—AND A NEW MOSES NEEDED

Here is one of the plums handed out by the supernumeraries of the grain trade. "The Pool had at its disposal all the machinery and all the facilities for the marketing of wheat that had been developed by the Grain Trade during the past forty years." What struck me in that statement was the analogy between the period of time here mentioned and that spent in a wilderness by a certain historic race whose destination was said to be a land flowing with milk and honey. Will Dr. Magill step down from his perch of illusions and tell us and the world how many farmers, their wives and little ones, perished in the wilderness of economic misery during the forty years it was taking the Grain Trade and the transportation companies to develop their perfected milking process? Why the holler forsooth? It must be a bitter pill indeed to have brought this machine to the peak of perfection—and then find "this our craft", whereby they had their great wealth, endangered by the intelligent application of pure business principles to the industry of agriculture undertaken by the agriculturists themselves

AVAUNT THE MORTGAGE

At the conclusion of one of R. N. Maugles' meetings on the Coose Lake and just before the chairman pronounced the benediction, a farmer asked permission to say a word. It was granted. Among other things he told in simple language what the open market had done for him, since 1909. Low prices had had to be supplemented by a mortgage. Then down and down until the land went out from under him. About this time along came the first Wheat Pool contract. This farmer wound up with a display of honest pride. "To-day my son has the old place back. The Wheat Pool did it. If my fellow farmers don't sign up strong again there will be no inducement whatever for my family to stay in the country. There is no use fooling ourselves. It is either get on or get out." So in the face of such sincere and direct testimony the Grain Trade's assumption of "After Us—the Deluge," just won't go down.

GET DOWN AND DIG

If you see in the paper during the next few days that North Calgary District is coming across with more contracts and more acreage than any other district do not let it worry you. That should be all the more reason why other districts should urge their canvassers to get down and dig. Here's a good one—

Little Jack's Uncle Jim had just returned from a trip around the world, and one of his most valued souvenirs was a large ostrich egg.

Jack was the proud possessor of a bantam hen, but after having seen the ostrich egg, he felt that she wasn't just doing her part, so he quietly borrowed Uncle Jim's ostrich egg, set it in plain view close to the bantam's nest, and over the egg in large letters he printed the following:

"Keep your eye on this and do your darndest."

REALLY DOUBLE SALES IN TEN YEARS

The rapid growth of the British co-operative movement is recorded in Government figures recently published, showing the operation of consumers' co-operatives for the years 1915-1925.

In 1925 a membership of 4,859,493 in 1,381 societies was reported, as against 3,276,857 members in 1,452 societies in 1915. Annual sales increased from $530,000,000 to $923,000,000 in the decade, and the surplus on the year's working increased from $74,000,000 in 1915 to $101,000,000 in 1925. On the 1,381 returns for 1925, 1,269 are listed as being in the general supply business, 37 in coal supply, 44 in refreshments, and 31 miscellaneous.

ALBERTA FISHERIES ACTIVE IN 1926

The commercial fish industry in Alberta in 1926 experienced the greatest year in its history, according to Fisheries Inspector Redd who has made his report on the year's activities to the Dominion Government. The total commercial catch for last year, both winter and summer months, amounted to 6,756,000 pounds of which 3,932,000 pounds was summer catch and 2,824,000 pounds winter catch.

DECLINE IN CONSUMPTION OF WHEAT

The per capita consumption of wheat since 1901 in the United States has dropped from 6.38 to 4.9 bushels. During the same period the per capita consumption of sugar increased from 70 to 112 pounds. The production of oranges in California during the past five years has doubled, the present production being 30,000,000 boxes.

British and United States Correspondents in China Lift the Veil

FACTS vs. PROPAGANDA

For the most part the Canadian newspapers, quoting the reactionary and bellicose sections of the British press—newspapers owned by the leading newspaper millionaires whose policies in the exact sense are "anti-British," since they are opposed to the interests of the vast majority of the British people—are content to give an erroneous impression of the trend of British public opinion upon such issues as that of China.

In response to requests which we have received for an unbiased presentation of such issues,—*issues of vital concern to Canada since their outcome might involve the manhood of the Dominion in a new foreign war*—we publish below two important articles by correspondents of the highest repute. The first is by Arthur Ransome, one of the most famous of English correspondents. It appeared in the Manchester *Guardian* of recent date, and it shows that the policy which many Canadians have been led to regard as "British"—the policy, that is to say, of aggression—is not the policy of the British people, or even of the moderate elements in the Conservative party itself. The second article is from the New York *Nation*, a United States periodical which is as accurate and fair in its presentation of issues of foreign policy as the Manchester *Guardian* is in Great Britain.

"We believe that our readers prefer facts to propaganda, and we have been guided by a desire to meet their demand for the truth in these matters. Presentation of the truth is the highest British as well as the highest Canadian interest.—*Editor.*

"The Shanghai Mind"

An Obstacle to British Policy.

By ARTHUR RANSOME
In The Manchester Guardian Weekly.

Nothing could be farther from the truth than to imagine that the Englishmen in Shanghai represent an English outpost or share the English point of view. The Shanghailanders hold that loyalty begins at home and that their primary allegiance is to Shanghai. They proclaim that British property is in danger when they need British troops to defend them, but have shown during the last few months that the acceptance of this assistance does not in any way prevent them from doing what they can to make impossible the realisation of a British policy which they do not like. They make difficult any good understanding between England and China because, just as we at home are apt to think of them as English, so the Chinese, in China, make the same mistake. English newspapers take from three to six weeks to reach China. English policy and thought is therefore judged by the Chinese from the newspapers published in English in places like Shanghai and Tientsin. The Chinese naturally turn to these papers and judge England and England's policy by what they find there. It is impossible to persuade them that what they find is an expression not of the British but of the Shanghai mind.

Lived in Glass Case

This is lamentable because of certain characteristics of that mind. Of these the most important is that it has been entirely unaffected by the events of the last twenty-five years. Whereas both England and China have been profoundly affected by the war, the Shanghailanders behave and talk as if the events that have followed 1914 had passed, so far as they are concerned, in a different planet. For them the last important political event was the suppression of the Boxers. Europe is far away from them, and China at their very doors, seems almost as far. They seem to have lived in a comfortable but hermetically sealed and isolated glass case since 1901, and since English information on China and Chinese information on England comes for the most part through Shanghai and similar places it cannot be too clearly understood, both in England and China, that Shanghailanders of English extraction belong, if they belong to England at all, to an England that no longer exists.

These people "think imperially" in the manner of the Rand magnates at the time of the South African War. They are at pains to see in the present stage of the Chinese revolution a new Boxer rebellion, to be put down by force. They think of "anti-foreignism" as China's original sin, to be exorcised by periodical penances. They look around on their magnificent buildings and are surprised that China is not grateful to them for these gifts, forgetting that the money to build them came out of China. Controlling the bottle-neck through which the bulk of Chinese trade must pass, they prosper upon it coming and going and forget that it is the trade that is valuable to England and not the magnificent buildings which profits and small taxes allowed them to erect. English prestige is at stake when their interests are threatened, but unless English policy coincides with their own they are prepared at any moment to be the Ulsters of the East.

War Rather Than Adjustment

This they deny, of course, but no impartial reader of the Shanghai newspapers during the critical months of January, February and March of this year will be prepared to support them in that denial. Extremely conservative, like most business communities in foreign countries, they are prepared to have their country go to war for them rather than to adjust themselves to inevitably changing conditions. They were at first incredulous and then disgusted to find that the English Foreign Office took a longer view. Their point was not gained when England decided to send out the Shanghai Defence Force. What they wanted was a reversal of England's policy or such events as should make that policy impossible. Day after day in their newspapers they advertised the coming of the troops, while England's policy of conciliation towards China was tucked away in small paragraphs. England explicitly declared her neutrality as between the opposing parties in China. Day by day the Shanghai newspapers poured abuse on the party of the Nationalists. The Shanghai Commissioner of Police went out of his way to express his sympathy with the suppression of Kuomintang propaganda. No Chinese, reading the Shanghai newspapers, could have had any other impression than that the important part of British policy was sending of the troops and that England was fundamentally and irrevocably hostile to the only movement in China which had as its object the freeing of the country from the wholly unscrupulous war lords who secure Shanghai's approval by suppressing labor and the resentment of the whole country by the wholesale robbery which is making its normal development impossible. Finding that England definitely did not mean to go to war with Chinese Nationalism, Shanghai proceeded to speculate on the mistrust of Russia which is so well advertised by newspapers at home. If England could not be persuaded to suppress "the new Boxer Movement," she might be induced to "fight Russia in China," and Shanghai expanded to fantastic proportions the very small body of military and civilian advisers who are with the Nationalists, while being oddly silent about the very large number of Russian officers and men who are fighting on the opposite side. Actually the strongest propaganda of a kind to produce hostility between England and Nationalist China is that of the Shanghai daily newspapers published in English. Shanghai's policy and Great Britain's are not the same. *The danger is that Great Britain will knuckle under to Shanghai, and not the other way about.* The Shanghailanders are not moved to greater concessions towards English policy by the presence of British troops, but the reverse. Secure behind the troops, they are less than ever ready to revise their attitude.

Calculated Insult

That attitude is definitely bellicose. The Shanghai newspapers magnified the damage done by British guns at Wanhsien and magnified the damage done by Chinese mobs at Hankow and Kiukiang. *All that calculated insult could do to disincline the Nationalists to come to agreement with us at Hankow was done by them.* When the Nationalists did come to agreement with us on the lines of expressed British policy in China, the agreement was described in Shanghai as a betrayal. The Shanghai mind regards the outrages at Nanking as a means of altering British policy, and is disappointed that the Note sent to the Nationalists is not strong enough, even though it calls upon the Nationalists to assume responsibility for acts which only persons whose brains have been so steeped in propaganda that they have ceased to be minds could possibly believe to have been desired by the Nationalist Government. But, for Shanghai, the Note is not strong enough, since it leaves a chance for British policy to escape shipwreck. Shanghai will not be satisfied until Sir Austen Chamberlain's winter policy is scrapped and, with high water on the Yangtse, a summer policy takes its place with a naval demonstration up the river, the "occupation of

strategic points," as open attack on the Nationalists, and an attempt to plant the war lords once more on the lid of the boiling Chinese cauldron.

Behind the Red Walls of Peking

(*New York Nation*)

Summer comes, and the lotus blooms in the dank pools outside the mighty red walls of Peking, and the flies swarm through the unscreened city. It is the time of year when the foreign women and children disappear to the seashore or to summer homes built in what were once cool Buddhist temples in the Western Hills. This year a new restlessness is added; the rumble of civil war draws near. And to foreign eyes civil war has a new grim meaning; it is no longer simply a struggle between rival generals, but part of a national revolution which strikes at the privileged position of the foreign communities.

Yet the correspondents still gather at the Peking Club bar each noon to swap yarns, as they do far to the South in the Hankow Club and in Shanghai at the bars of the American Club and of the Shanghai Club, its British rival, which boasts itself the proud possessor of the longest bar in the world. And out of the gossip at those bars, and streamed friendly chats with race-conscious officials, grows the picture of China reflected in the news tables sent to America.

Japan has landed 2,000 troops at Tsingtao in Shantung—the part the Germans took from China as compensation for the death of two German missionaries in an inland village, which Japan took from Germany in the early days of the World War, which Japan returned to China after the great boycott movement of 1918-1924 had ruined her China trade. Great Britain still has her overgrown "defense force" at Shanghai—more than one defender in uniform for every foreign civilian in the city; but her warships have begun to move North, to be ahead of the Nationalists. And the United States has already sent in shiploads of excited marines to Tientsin, where, presumably, they will disembark to help guard the British Concession—for we have no concession of our own there.

Why Germans are Favored

The little foreign communities have an absurdly exaggerated sense of their own importance—but to a tragic extent they carry the world with them. Shanghai worked itself into a magnificent fury, with curfews, mud soldiers, and barbed wire, largely to convince the outside world that more foreign troops were needed in China—and then gave the game away by going ahead with its race meetings, which drew larger crowds than any political meeting. And when the races were abandoned, it was quite frankly explained—locally—that "while there might appear to be no more reason in the actual circumstances of Shanghai why races should not take place than games of football, the effect abroad would be deplorable." The home countries, in other words, might realize that Shanghai's hysteria was hysteria, and that the assemblage of these vast armadas of foreign warships actually increased rather than lessened the danger to foreigners in China! The same pathetic myopia appeared in the dispatches from Hankow. British and American business men, it was stated, were staying on despite consular advice, because they feared that otherwise they would lose all their trade to the Germans. And why were the Germans so favored? Simply because they had no frowning warships on the scene, and had renounced the "protection" of the unequal treaties.

Most of our news is of what happens in these foreign communities—although we do not hear all of that. The Shanghai correspondents . . . tell us only that the British military forces have taken three-year leases on their quarters and the new crop of defenders having doubled the number of foreign buyers in the city, business is good. From Peking we hear only the foreign side of the story. When Mr. Randall Gould, representing the United Press in Peking, ventured to dig out news for himself, and to cable facts unpalatable to the bumptious bureaucrats in the American Legation, he was promptly barred from the press conferences on the American Chancellery. Americans representing Chinese news agencies are also barred from these sessions, although the representative of Reuter's, the semi-official British agency, is admitted to the inner confidences. And today, when the Chinese masses of Peking are eagerly waiting for news of more Nationalist victories, praying for the withdrawal of Chang Tso-lin's Manchurians and the coming of the Nationalists, we hear only of the fears of the foreigners. In the interval between withdrawal and arrival, in the last despair of defeat or the first flush of victory, incidents may occur—foreign homes may be looted, or foreigners attacked. Of the larger meaning of this mighty awakening of a continental people we hear next to nothing.

Cannot Defeat Nationalism

Despite all the eager prophecies of Nationalist defeat and disruption the tide of Chinese Nationalism, as *The Nation* has consistently predicted, rolls on. The Hankow regime seems to have reorganized itself despite the presence of foreign warships; it has reached at least a temporary working agreement with Chang Kai-Shek, the "moderate" leader; Feng Yu-hsiang, the "Christian general," has effected a comeback in the Northwest; the result is that the Northern "anti-Communist" armies are sweeping back in retreat towards Peking. In China, where wars are largely wars of propaganda and prestige, a retreat once begun is hard to stem. There will be more squabbles and rivalries within the Kuomintang, of course; but no power, foreign or Chinese, can prevail against the living force of Nationalism in China.

Into the nebula of swirling aspirations and crystallising hopes that is China today is thrust, unfortunately for the world, an alien conflict. . . . It is not alone the effort of the West to hold what it has taken in China. . . .

It is a dramatic spectacle, when one gets away from the club bars. Something real is at stake. The people huddled behind the fortified walls of Peking's Legation Quarters have a right to be restless.

The real purpose of co-operative organization is to determine what the market demands and how much it can use at a fair price, to provide methods of handling surplus, to grade and advertise its wares, and to get producers to act and work together.—*Hoard's Dairyman.*

VEGREVILLE CONVENTION JULY 26th

Annual Convention of the Vegreville U. F. A. Constituency Association will be held held in Vegreville on July 26th, commencing at 10 a.m.

Plan Marketing Tour for Farmers

MONTREAL, June 12.—Plans for the organization of a marketing tour for farmers to Great Britain and Denmark, next winter, under the auspices of the Canadian National Railways, have received the endorsation and approval of Dr. J. H. Grisdale, Deputy Minister of Agriculture for Canada and other leading agriculturists in Canada.

In a letter to Dr. W. J. Black, Director of Colonization, Agriculture and Natural Resources of the Canadian National Railways, Dr. Grisdale expresses his desire for the success of the tour, and says, "I am sure that no live farmer could spend the price of the trip in any way that could afford him at one and the same time more pleasure, and more education and inspiration looking to improving his methods and getting a thorough grasp of the marketing problems of this country than would just such a trip. It would be an experience and a pleasure, the memory and good effects of which would undoubtedly last for many years and serve to broaden the views and increase the producing capacity of every participant."

Agricultural authorities throughout the Dominion are expressing keen interest in the coming tour, and it is probable that the party will include many men prominent in all branches of agriculture who are eager to extend their knowledge of marketing conditions and methods of production in the Old Land.

ONE MAN'S EXPERIENCE

"Observer" in Calgary Weekly *Herald*: Recently I had a talk with a farm owner who rents his farm. His tenant is a member of the Wheat Pool and his share of the crop goes to the Pool each year. The owner's share is disposed of as the owner sees fit. His rule has been to store and watch the market. Last fall he stored as usual and waited to see the price go up to something worth while. The months went by and storage charges along with insurance piled up while the price of wheat didn't. The owner has a wife and along with his own distress of mind was that of his partner. She did not fail to let him know what she felt about things. In the end he took the first favorable opportunity of disposing of his share of the crop at a price which no more than covered storage and interest charges and left him with what he would have received had he sold on the open market when his crop was threshed. Later the price went up. This farm owner told me he was through with independent selling. With his wheat sold, he saw members of the Pool profiting by the big increases recorded on the Winnipeg market, even though they had disposed of their crop at threshing time. They had been free of worry all those months while he had been carrying both worry and wheat and in the end had nothing to show for it but a return most likely to be smaller than that of his Pool member tenant. Said he: "I have made a mistake in this Pool business. Hereafter my share of the crop goes into the Pool, along with the tenant's share. Even though I might get a few dollars more by selling independently, the game is not worth the candle. I'd sooner have peace in my own mind and in the house and the certainty that I will get, no matter how the market will go, a fair average price for my wheat." That farm owner has learned sense through experience and he is only one of many.

News from Alberta Wheat Pool Head Office

Information for Members and Locals Issued by the Department of Education and Publicity of the Alberta Wheat Pool.

THE ACTIONS OF UNFRIENDLY CRITICS

A co-operative organization such as the Wheat Pool is basically different from the usual run of businesses. Members of a co-operative desire, and are entitled to, a great deal of information regarding their organization and its operations. This is not a characteristic feature of private companies. Privacy on important matters is an established rule with them.

At various meetings throughout the Province considerable intimate information regarding the operations of the Alberta Wheat Pool has been given out. This information is intended for Pool members who are naturally interested in the concern which handles their entire year's production.

It has come to pass, however, that interests which are apparently unfriendly to the Wheat Pool have taken pains to publish garbled reports of some of these meetings. It is not a difficult matter to make simple statements convey an entirely different meaning to what the speaker intended. This is an old trick in the newspaper game. Furthermore, some of the reports published have contained serious misstatements.

Members are warned against putting credence in these unfriendly reports. Probably the majority of the farmers will realize that the Wheat Pool is not any too popular in certain quarters, and will also understand the reason for this state of affairs.

* * *

POOL RADIO SERVICE

You are asked to "listen in" on Friday evenings at 8:30 o'clock for the Pool message.

On Friday, July 1st, there was no Pool broadcast, the Dominion Government using the stations.

* * *

GEORGE BROOMHALL ON THE POOLING SYSTEM

"Competition is greatly curtailed and expenses reduced by centralized handling, while there is always a chance that a Pool dealing with millions of bushels may obtain very favorable rates of freight.

"The limitation of selling competition is an important matter and there is reason to think it has been a powerful influence in preventing a bad slump in prices in the current season.

"Before the Pools were in existence merchants were sometimes heard to say that wheat was being flung at them, but it is not so now. The Pool's aim is to 'feed the market'."

The above extract is from an article by George Broomhall in the London *Times*. Broomhall is the publisher of the *Corn Trade News* and is recognized as the best posted authority on international grain marketing in the world.

Broomhall's unbiased opinion should carry greater weight than the opinions of those opposed to the Wheat Pool.

* * *

IN THE INTERESTS OF ECONOMY

Wheat Pool members who are receiving two copies of *The U.F.A.* or where two copies are being sent to one family, are asked to report the matter to the Pool Department of Education.

* * *

WHAT ONE FARMER THINKS OF GRAIN TRADE PROPAGANDA

Many farmers have sent in to the head office of the Alberta Wheat Pool copies of replies made to anti-Pool circulars received from the Grain Trade. It is obviously impossible for us to print many of these letters, but the following one, written by T. A. Eisenbise, of Arrowwood, is too good to pass up.

It might be mentioned that Mr. Eisenbise farms 2200 acres of land near Arrowwood, and, as he mentions, ships around 40,000 bushels of wheat a year. He recently signed a Second Series contract covering his acreage.

The letter written by Mr. Eisenbise is addressed to "Northwest Grain Dealers Association, Winnipeg, Man." and was written on the back of a circular, the subject matter of which was headed "The Truth About Australia." The letter reads:

"Gentlemen: If the statements on this sheet are true or false, in which I am but little interested, the facts remain as to what the farmers of Canada think when it comes to OUR business.

"The Grain Trade can fool all the people some of the time, and some of the people all the time, but they can't fool all the people all the time.

"The best evidence I have of the success of a five years contract with the Pool is the attitude expressed by your Association in sending out such propaganda. If the farmers of Australia are fools enough to defeat their best interests, we have nothing left to do but pity them. We are in no way responsible for their actions, however much we would like to assist them, were it in our power.

"It is a little hard to understand how anyone would assume that the farmers of Canada are so stupid as to not see the reasons underlying the publication of this literature. The only reason I can see for such assumption is that the farmers in years past have allowed such as you to lead them, to their detriment. I received two copies from your office and can spare this one. As we only handle about 40,000 bushels of wheat a year it matters but little after all what we think about it. Better try to interest those who do not 'think' if you can find them."

Yours very truly,

T. A. EISENBISE.

* * *

Less than a year ago *The Calgary Albertan* was protesting strenuously its friendliness to the Wheat Pool. Today *The Albertan* does not disguise its unfriendly attitude. Why the change?

* * *

Make no mistake, the Alberta Wheat Pool *is* going to go over in fine shape in the signing up of the Second Series of Contracts.

* * *

The considerable number of Non-Pool farmers who are joining the organization now is a surprising feature of the present campaign.

* * *

What would you get for your wheat if there was no Wheat Pool? That is something for you to consider.

* * *

Dr. Magill, secretary of the Winnipeg Grain Exchange, and George Broomhall, international grain expert, and publisher of the *Corn Trade News*, apparently do not have the same opinions regarding the result of Canadian Wheat Pool's operations. Mr. Broomhall says: "there is reason to think the Pool has been a powerful influence in preventing a bad slump in prices this year." Dr. Magill intimates it has not. Which opinion is the fair one?

* * *

"Courage is the standing army of the soul." The courage and "gameness" of the Wheat Pool members, under the fire of criticism from opposing forces, are qualities that will establish the Pool idea permanently on the Western prairie.

* * *

The Saskatchewan Wheat Pool has signed seventy per cent of its members to Second Series contracts. Wasn't it last fall that the Grain Trade literature promised the Saskatchewan Pool would never be put over when the first contracts expired?

* * *

Why delay? If the Wheat Pool has been a good thing for the farmers for the past four years, it will be even better for them in the coming five years.

* * *

No matter what anyone says to the contrary, the Wheat Pool has exerted an upward tendency on prices both in and out of Canada. It has meant "better living" for Alberta farmers.

* * *

The stabilizing effect of the operations of the Canadian Wheat Pool in the wheat markets of the world is acknowledged by leading Old Country importers, millers and bakers.

* * *

Make no mistake, the Alberta Wheat Pool is going over, and going over big! Line up with your fellow farmers for a happier and more prosperous Alberta!

Co-operation Is Strongly Entrenched in Hearts of West Australian Wheat Growers---*Hon. T. H. Bath*

The Alberta Wheat Pool had the pleasure of a visit recently from Hon. T. H. Bath, member of the Board of Trustees of the West Australian Wheat Pool. He was a member of the West Australian Legislature for 15 years, and was cabinet minister for four of these years, also at times being Acting Premier.

While in Alberta Hon. Mr. Bath spoke over the air to Pool members. Following is a re-print of his speech.

I am pleased with the chance to speak through the radio to a wide circle of hearers in the Western wheat growing Province many of whom, I am assured, will be farmers like myself. I have been asked to tell you something of the growth of the co-operative movement in Australia, but first I would like to tell you of my admiration for what I have seen of the Canadian Pools.

Before I left my own State, my co-trustees on the board of the Wheat Pool in Western Australia told me to spend some time in Canada to get in touch with what you were doing in the Prairie Provinces to market your wheat in the interest of the producers of that commodity. I have been given opportunities to carry out that mission and will be able to tell the wheat growers in my own State that I have seen the machinery of a commonwealth of farmers, owned and governed by those farmers, working smoothly and efficiently in the marketing of wheat. I am sure that it is going to endure and develop in strength, for I can imagine no other feelings than those of pride and confidence animating the widespread membership of those whose loyalty and support have made this fine organization possible.

Big Co-operatives in Australia

In Australia, co-operation among agricultural producers has been established for a great many years. I can remember in 1903 visiting one of the big dairying districts of New South Wales and seeing several of the co-operative butter factories established in that district, and also recollect that one then in course of erection was reputed to be the biggest single factory in the world. Since then the butter co-operatives in other districts in that State have linked together, and through their central agency in the Capital, Sydney, have a 25 million dollars per year business. Then there is a farmers' co-operative in New South Wales, the Farmers' and Graziers' Co-operative Company, whose manager, Mr. Donnelly, was one of the representatives at the International Wheat Pool Conference at Kansas City. This company is one of the largest and most prosperous wool and stock marketing organizations in New South Wales. It is also responsible through a subsidiary organization for the control of the New South Wales Wheat Pool and Co-operative warehousing system and handled 30 per cent. of the marketable wheat this year. In Victoria there are two big co-operative organizations of farmers—the Gippsland and Northern Company, and the Victorian Producers' Company. These are engaged in the manufacture and marketing of butter, cheese, bacon and dairy products, and in the marketing of wheat, wool, stock, skins and hides. They act as receiving and handling agents for the Victorian Wheat Corporation, which controls the Wheat Pool of Victoria. Mr. Wilson and Mr. King are two directors of the Victorian Wheat Pool and represented it at Kansas City. The Victorian Pool controlled 50 per cent. of the marketable wheat in that State this year.

In South Australia, the big farmers' co-operative is called the South Australian Farmers' Co-operative Union, and through a subsidiary controls the Wheat Pool in that state. They are now organizing on Canadian lines, having organized the wheat areas into districts and sub-districts, and when I passed through there on my way to America, they were just organizing a campaign to establish a contract Pool on democratic lines, and I was assured that the initial prospects were very encouraging. This company also engages in the marketing of wool, livestock and other farm products; runs a merchandise supply house, and has established up-to-date factories for milk supply and the manufacture of butter and cheese, and the marketing of eggs. There is also a co-operative company which handles the fresh, dried and canned fruits produced in irrigation settlements along the River Murray, and there is another consumers' co-operative, known as the Eudunda Farmers' Co-operative Co., which has 36 branches and is in a very prosperous condition.

Western Australia

In Western Australia, our main agricultural development is more recent than the Eastern States, but is now attracting attention all over Australia. Rich gold mines gave the State its first impetus, but the gold yield is rapidly declining and the prosperity of Western Australia is mainly dependent on wheat and wool, and to a lesser degree on fruit, timber, pearl shell and sandalwood. The total population is 280,000 and we have between 7000 and 8000 wheat growers.

Our production last season was 30 millions of bushels, with prospects of steady increase for some years to come. Sheep raising is combined with wheat growing and it is the ambition of most wheat growers to prepare for the stage when they can embark on what is called mixed farming. Our West Australian methods have points of resemblance and other points of difference from yours in Canada. We have the same range of precipitation of rain or moisture, and we have the same problem in portions of our State that I found in the neighbourhood of Regina, in that we have to excavate in suitable holding ground, what we call dams or tanks and what are called dug-outs here, to provide water for stock.

The main part of our sowing is done in May, but in other parts continues in July and our wheat grows through our winter months. Our crop is slower in maturing because of that fact, as we have 9 hours of sunlight in winter to your 18 in summer here while the wheat is growing. We are cultivating varieties of wheat which have been developed

(Continued on Page 10)

News & Views

Mr. J. E. Hanson, Hillspring, Alberta: "You no doubt do not expect a reply to this letter with cheque, but I cannot refrain from thanking you for the cheque. I am proud to be a member of the Alberta Wheat Pool."

Mr. Henry Duim, Seven Persons, Alberta: "I got your Wheat Contract mailed to me on April 8th and I am sorry that I did not sign it sooner and mail it back to you, as I think the Pool is a great thing and I am well satisfied with it."

Mr. John Christie, Vulcan, Alberta: "Enclosed (First Series) contract duly signed, which is my answer to the Grain Dealers' Association. I would like to have my signature tatooed on the foreheads of all the officers of said association. Yours for 80 per cent. this time."

Mayor H. A. Blair, of Stettler, is a member of the Alberta Wheat Pool. He was chairman of the meeting held in the interests of the Pool in that town recently and came out strongly for the Pool method of marketing.

Mayor Thos. Finlayson, of Castor, has declared his intension of signing a Second Series Wheat Pool Contract. He is interested in about one thousand acres of land in the Castor district.

Champion Chronicle: The gang of men employed in building the Pool elevator have been leaving for Barons gradually during the past week, where another Pool elevator is under construction. Very little remains to be done to complete the elevator here, which is fully up to the most modern idea of a country elevator.

POOL ELEVATOR AT YOUNGSTOWN

Youngstown Plaindealer: A new dumping apparatus for wagon loads of grain has just been installed at the old United Grain Growers' elevator which has been acquired by the Pool. The Strong-Scott air dump was put into place this week by the workmen who have been over-hauling the elevator, and in place of lowering the back wheels of a wagon when dumping grain, it lifts the front wheels to a height of some three or four feet by air pressure. A handle near the scales allows the elevator man to control the raising or lowering of the front end of the wagon, a pressure of 125 pounds air pressure being necessary to control the device.

The work on renovating the elevator has now been completed and the "house" put in good shape, repairs being effected all over the building.

FILIAL LOYALTY

Father—"So the teacher caught you using a bad word and punished you."

Tommy—"Yes, and she asked me where I learned it."

Father—"What did you tell her?"

Tommy—"I didn't want to give you away, pa, so I blamed it on the parrot."—Boston Transcript.

at our experimental stations and have proved their value.

Co-operation is strongly entrenched in the hearts of West Australian Wheat Growers.

First we have the Westralian Farmers Limited, which we call the central organization. This is the biggest commercial enterprise in Western Australia, and this year will have a turnover of 7½ millions of dollars.

Without detailing all its activities I may tell you that it runs an insurance, printing and banking department, and what is rather novel, a department for making up farmers' taxation returns.

It is wholly officered by men who have been trained in the co-operative movement itself and has a record of genuine service to farmers of which we are very proud.

Allied to this central organization we have mainly in the wheat growing centres about 70 successful co-operative companies of farmers who cater for the farmers in their districts and have an annual turnover of 4 millions of dollars. It is this network of co-operative organizations which is used by the West Australian Wheat Pool in the conduct of its operations. It is a separate co-operative organization but the central and country co-operatives act as its receiving and handling agents throughout the wheat-growing areas. The organization has been perfected and made more efficient from year to year and it is estimated that **on the quantity handled this year the farmers saved just under one million dollars as compared with handling charges in the first year of the compulsory Pool of 1926,** allowing for the great increase in wages and prices since that year.

Benefit by Canadian Pools

This year we handled co-operatively 60 per cent. of the marketable wheat of Western Australia. The realisation for that wheat will not be determined till some months later in the year. Last year we realized one dollar 58 cents net to the farmer on all the wheat which passed through the Pool. This year, taking all the Australian Pools, 50 per cent. of the marketable wheat will be co-operatively handled, and I am convinced, and **we have abundant independent testimony to show, that the influence of the Canadian and Australian Pools prevented a great slaughter of wheat prices in the earlier months of this year.**

One other interesting fact I must mention. In Australia we have one big Federation of Australian agricultural producers co-operatives. New Zealand and South Africa each have such a Federation. These three Federations are united in the Overseas Farmers' Federation in London which acts as a selling agency for agricultural products and also as a buying agency on their joint behalf.

Am I stating something unreasonable or unworkable when I suggest the desirability of the great Dominion of Canada, or at least the co-operators of your country, playing their part in the linking up of this great chain of producers' co-operatives throughout the British Empire? I think not, and we Australians who have been privileged to confer with your Canadian Pool representatives at Kansas City are heartened and stimulated by the friendly spirit which developed.

Benefit of Mr. Wood's Visit

Before closing my remarks, I would like to tell you of the tremendous benefits the Australian farmers received from the visit last year of your esteemed leader Mr. R. W. Wood. The message he gave our farmers, in which he outlined the great vision which is his, left a lasting impression. **As a result of Mr. Wood's visit, our farmers view the co-operative movement with more encouragement and are tackling their problems with new zeal, energy and determination. With a leader like Mr. Wood, I do not wonder at the great progress in co-operation made in Alberta.**

Underlying the movement for co-operative marketing which has as its immediate and pressing object the equalizing of the reward for the farmers' labor and capital with that of the organized producers in manufacturing industries, there is latent something greater and more enduring. We want to assure the farmer an equal chance of reward, and more leisure to consider the mutual interest of husbandmen; to cultivate a friendly interest in his neighbour; to realize and reward the patient endurance of the wifely partner in his struggles and vicissitudes; to open a freer opportunity for his children to win the joys that come from culture of music and art and literature; to strengthen his sense of responsibility as a citizen; to promote sound and sane government free from party prejudice and rancour; and to carry his co-operative ideal into that wider co-operation which promotes intercourse, understanding and friendship among the nations.

Extracts From Pool Manager's Report

Extracts from the report of R. D. Purdy, Manager of the Alberta Wheat Pool, to the delegates assembled in Calgary on June 6th, are as follows:

* * *

We handled in the 1925 Pool 46,198,506 bushels. To date this year we have handled approximately 43,600,000 bushels, as compared to 44,400,000 bushels on the same date in last year's Pool.

* * *

To date in the 1926 Pool we have shipped West over 25,000,000 bushels, as compared to a total of 23,465,000 bushels in the 1925 Pool. In 1925 our handle of straight grades, 1 Northern to No. 6, amounted to 57 per cent. of the total, as compared to 46 per cent. to date in 1926, thus indicating a considerable increase in the percentage of tough, damp and off grades this year as compared to last.

* * *

This season we have contracts with 61 elevator companies covering the handling of Pool wheat, operating 1975 elevators and track loaders, as compared to 64 elevator companies last year, operating approximately 1900 houses.

* * *

During the past month the office has mailed a statement to all members showing the total deductions to their credit in the elevator and commercial reserve funds for the Pool years of 1923, 1924 and 1925. The statement credits the growers with six per cent. interest on their elevator reserve deductions from the proceeds of the crop. The office has also recently mailed cheques for interest at six per cent. on the deductions for the elevator reserve from the proceeds of the 1924 crop. The interest payment covers the period from August 31st, 1925 to August 31st, 1926.

* * *

In carrying on our business we have a staff of approximately 80 persons at this time of the year, which is considered to be our minimum permanent staff. During the heavy handling season an additional temporary staff is required. Our present number of 80 includes 3 in Winnipeg, 2 in Edmonton and 1 in Vancouver, where we maintain offices to take care of the business of our Pool.

* * *

As an indication of a tangible service being rendered our growers, to date this season at Calgary, Winnipeg and Vancouver inspection points, our Pool representatives have called re-inspections and surveys totalling 1719. Out of this number they were successful in obtaining raises in grade or dockage on 918 cars. On 1135 cars the original inspection held, and on the grades 9 were lowered. A total of approximately 1000 moisture tests have been made at Calgary and Edmonton for our members to date this season.

* * *

Occasionally some Pool member asks the question as to what protection is afforded the Association in the case of a member of the staff defaulting. Since the inception of the Pool, your Directors have required that every member holding a position of responsibility must be bonded, and this means that every male member of our staff is bonded in amounts comparative to the importance of his position. The only exemption is in connection with our staff of stenographers, where the necessity for a bond is not apparent.

* * *

The total amount invested in office furniture and equipment is approximately $33,000, after taking care of depreciation on same.

* * *

Last year your Board approved of the engaging of a capable and experienced man in Mr. Barrett to take care of our Supplies Department, and he is responsible for printing, stationery and supplies required by the Pool, as well as Pool Elevators. Our expenditure through this Department for past twelve months amounts to the considerable sum of over $22,000, and no doubt a further increase may be expected during the next year through the development of our Pool Elevator programme. In addition to acting as purchasing agent, our Supplies Department is also responsible for the handling of our mail. To give you an idea of the volume handled, our records for 1926 season covering nine months, show 325,000 pieces of mail despatched, or an average of approximately 1,400 per day, which in itself is a fair-sized responsibility.

* * *

In connection with 1923 Pool our gross turnover was approximately $40,000,000 with all proceeds distributed back to the growers excepting $14,000 and with approximately $1,400 still owing by members through over-payments. In 1925 our gross turnover was $60,000,000 with $1,450 undistributed balances, and $306 over-payments to members. With the exception of the 1923 records we have definite knowledge as to whom undistributed amounts are due, and every effort is being made to have deliveries properly identified and payments distributed.

* * *

It is generally recognized today by all business concerns that the services

Announcement of Delegates

"The Nearer the Pool Gets to 100 Per Cent. the Greater Will Be Its Benefits"

Unbiased Opinions of Wheat Pool By Prominent Authorities

CUT OFF DATE

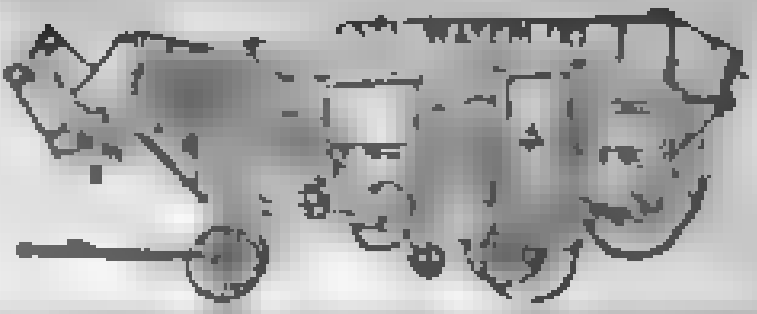
Twelve Reasons

Why I Belong to the Wheat Pool

THE EFFECT OF POOL SELLING

Now Alemite Equipped!

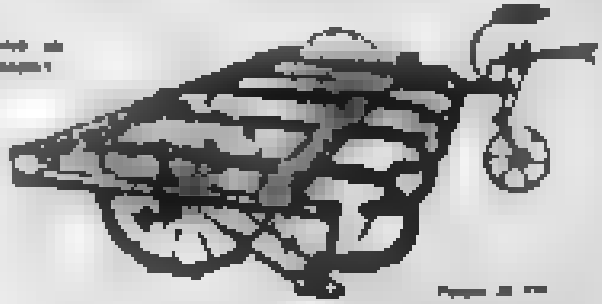
WATERLOO Steel "CHAMPION"



THE WATERLOO MANUFACTURING CO. LIMITED

SAMSON WEEDER

A PERFECT WEEDER, CULTIVATOR AND PACKER



SAMSON ROTARY HOE WEEDER LIMITED

Ship Your Grain

TO

UNITED GRAIN GROWERS LTD.

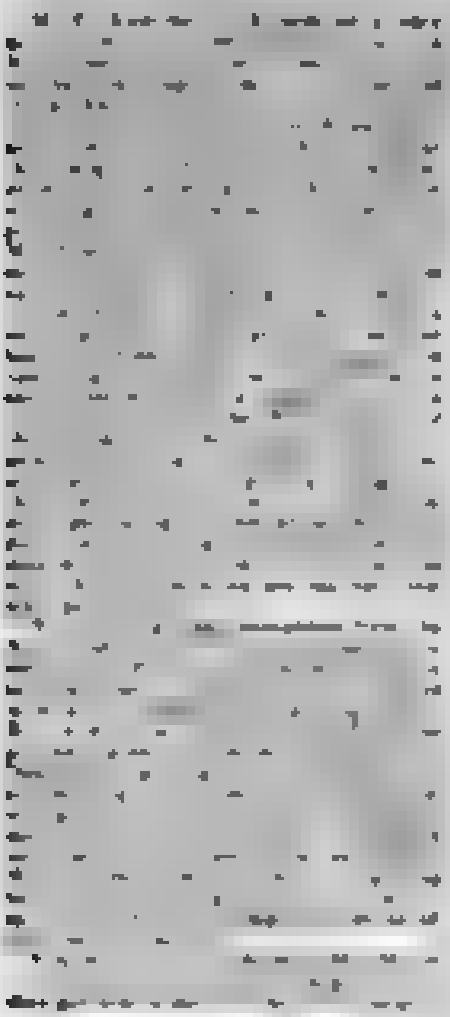
WINNIPEG

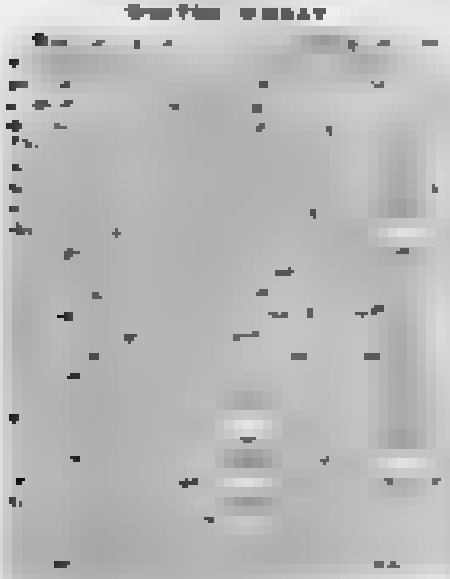
CALGARY

Splendid Progress Being Made in Drive for Signing Second Series Contracts

Forecasts A Higher Gross Price For

The "Nervous Charger"





You will appreciate this new De Laval feature

The Turntable Supply Can

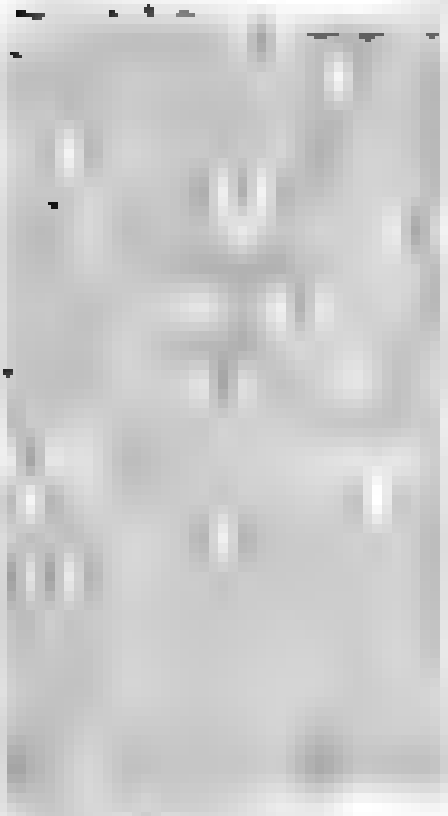
A GREAT MARKETING ORGANIZATION

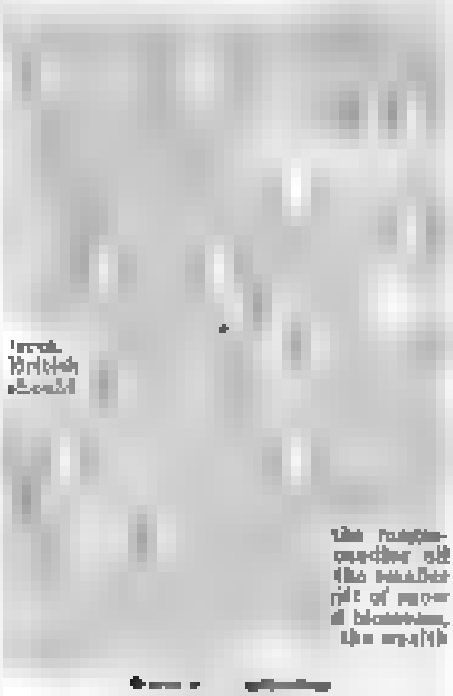
United Livestock Growers

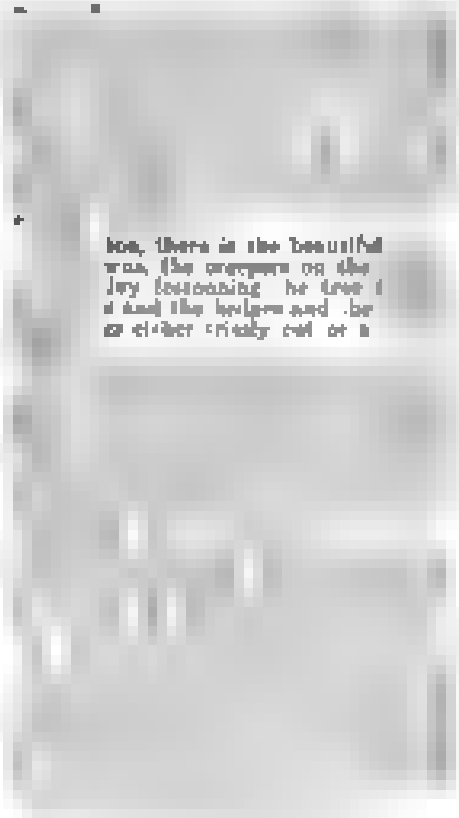
Calgary Winnipeg

The U.F.W.A. and Junior Branch

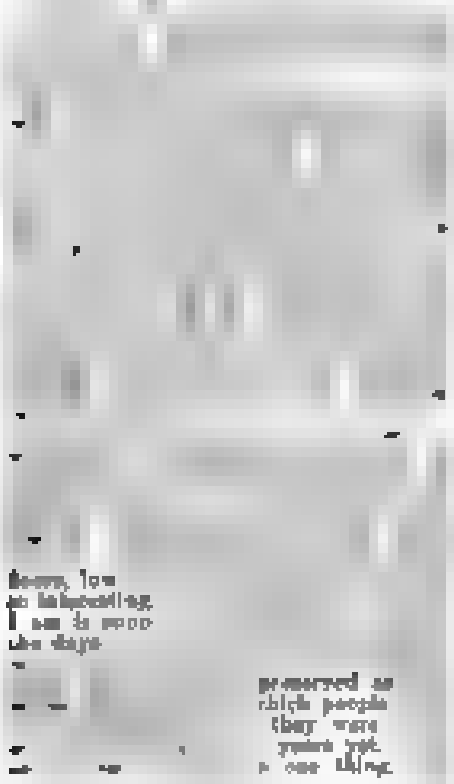
The English Countryside in Spring

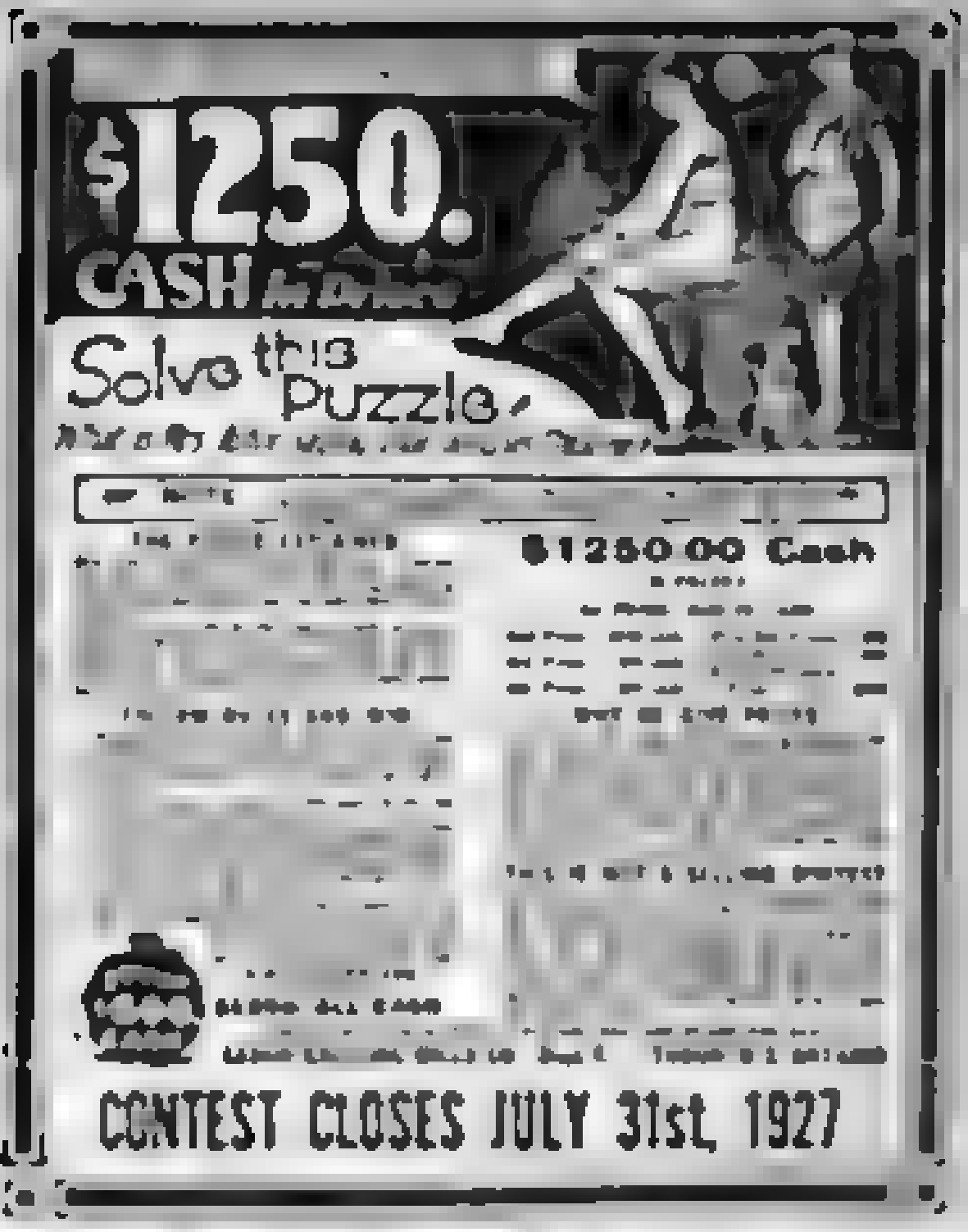


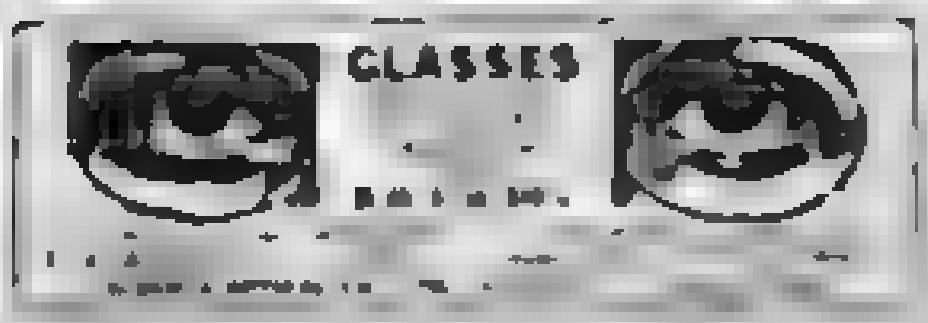


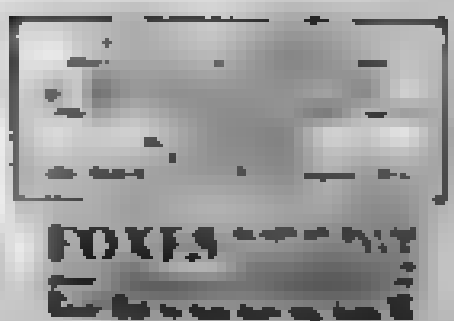


Loyalty Answers Wins [illegible] Honour




$1250.
CASH
Solve this Puzzle
$1250.00 Cash
CONTEST CLOSES JULY 31st, 1927


GLASSES


FOXES

WILSON'S
FLY PADS

MAGIC
BAKING
POWDER

IS ALWAYS
RELIABLE
E.W. GILLETT CO. LTD.

The Corona
Hotel

Visit Your Watch
G. E. Chaplin, Ltd.

Seasonable Recipes

The L.P.A. Pattern Department

PLAN CO-OPERATIVE WHOLESALE FOR WEST

By T. Sutcliffe

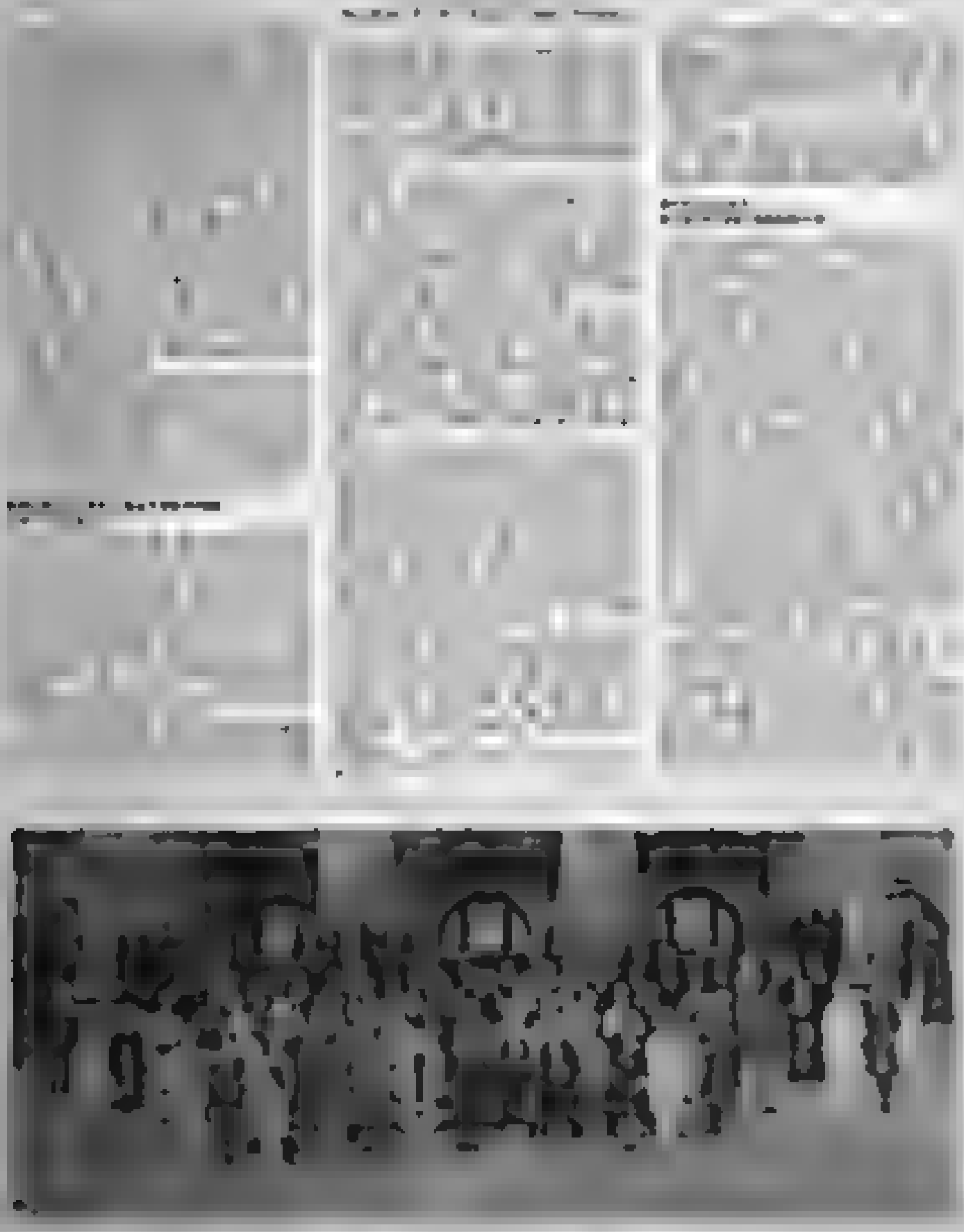
A Genuine Diamond — The most highly prized of all precious stones

HENRY BIRKS SONS, Ltd
Diamond Merchants

ROBIN HOOD FLOUR

ROBIN HOOD Flour is noted Canada to Labrador for purity and baking strength, right at the mill, to make certain that it is up to the highest standard before it is delivered to you.

The JUNIOR G. E. A. CONFERENCE



CLOSING BANQUET AND DANCE

A CHECK

MELOTTE

CREAM SEPARATORS

GET ALL THE CREAM

Trade in Your Old Machine for a New Melotte

A FREE TRIAL ON YOUR OWN FARM

R. A. LISTER Co. LTD

WINNIPEG REGINA EDMONTON CALGARY TORONTO

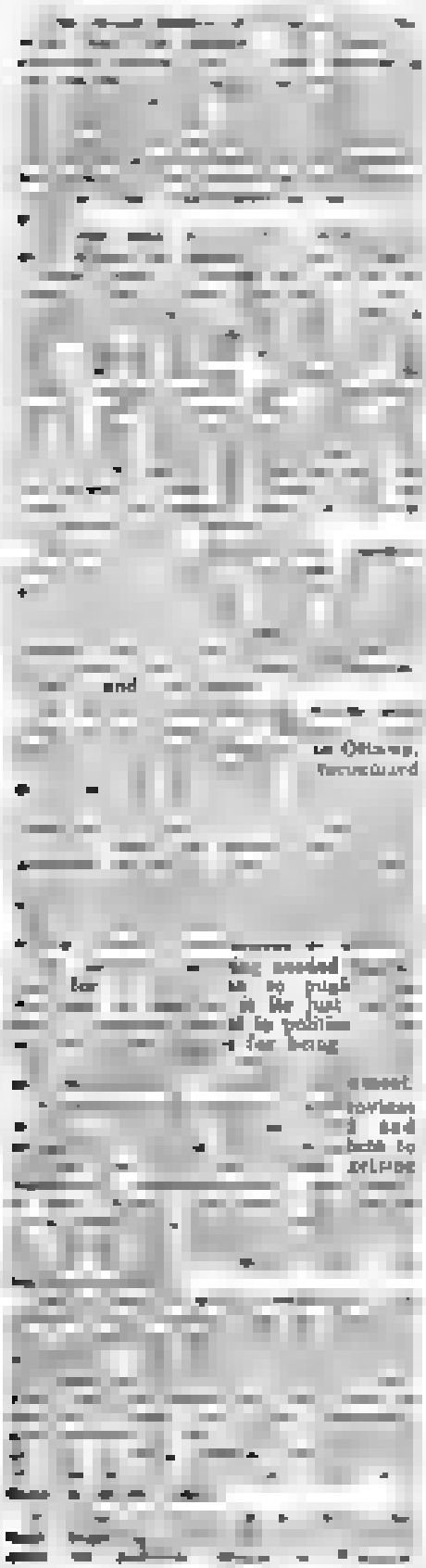
SAFETY!

INVEST IN 4% ALBERTA DEMAND SAVINGS CERTIFICATES

Purchased and redeemed at par

Payable on Demand

Cracking the Liberal Whip - Look Over Alberta

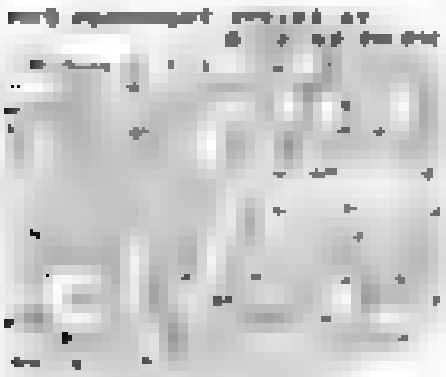


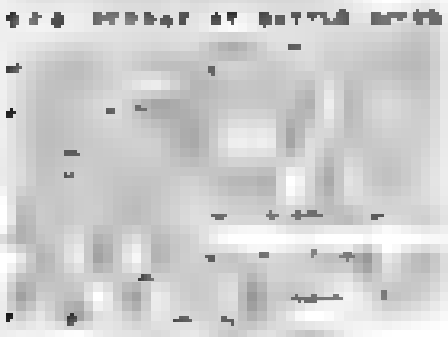
their automatic dropped on block. (Illegible)

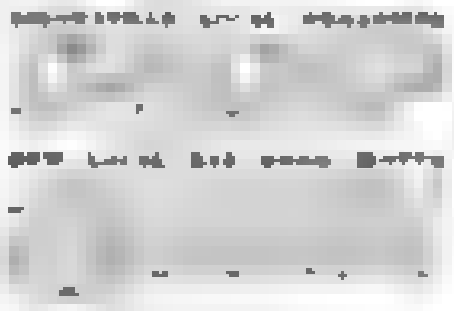
The attitude of the United States and the United Kingdom and [illegible] deadlock [illegible] in the [illegible] progress [illegible] that [illegible] All honor to [illegible] [illegible] Already [illegible] At least [illegible] paid [illegible] all [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

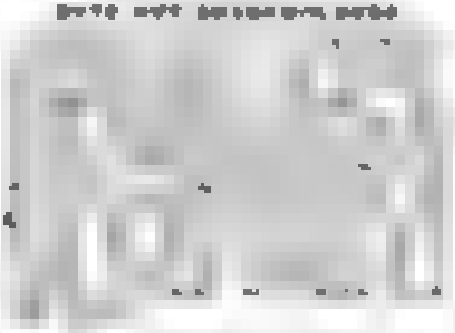
NEWS OF THE ORGANIZATION

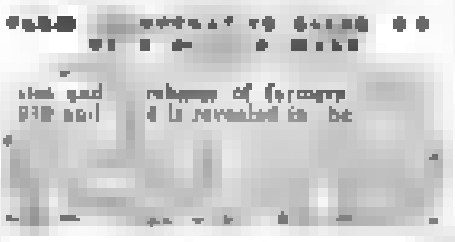
Activities of Locals and District Associations and Information from General Office Boiled Down to Paragraphs

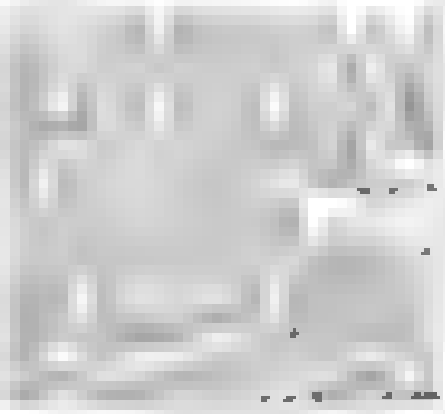




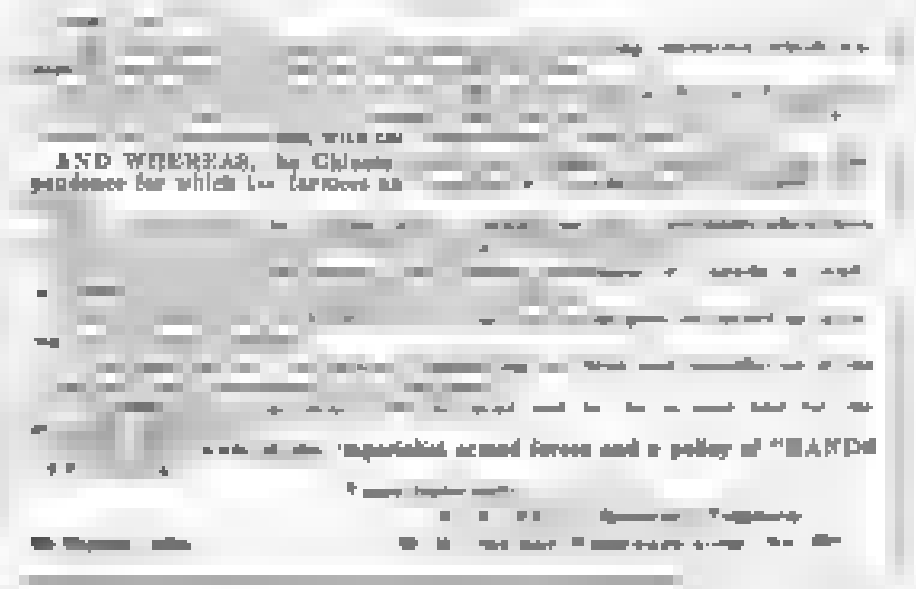








"Hands Off China" Is Demand of McMurray and Waterways Local

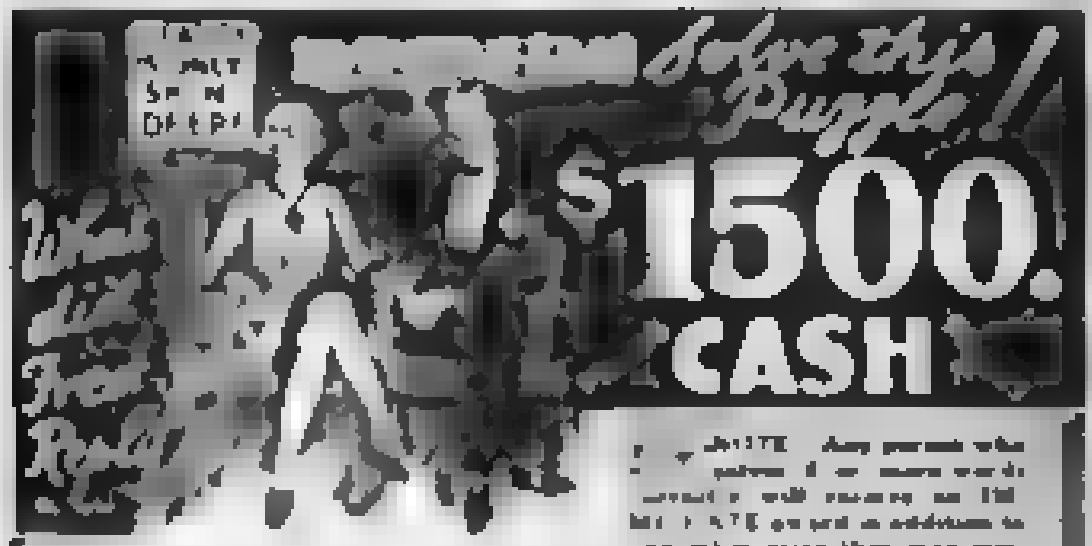


Wet Wheat

HAIL

FARMERS' FIRE and HAIL INSURANCE COMPANY

CONTEST CLOSES JULY 30th, 1927



The Prizes Awarded

$1,500 Cash in Prizes

Rules of Contest

Run a Selling Contest

Ship Fuel Supplies

from the Port of Montreal to

The Province of Alberta

[illegible]

The Resources of an Empire

[illegible]

Twenty Years of Progress in Alberta

[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

[illegible]

AGRICULTURAL PROGRESS IN ALBERTA

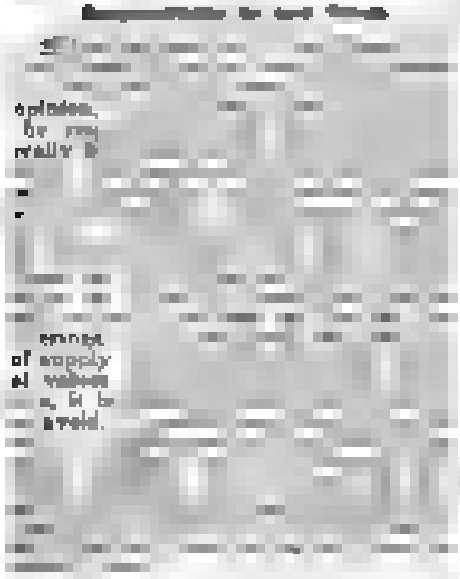
N[illegible]

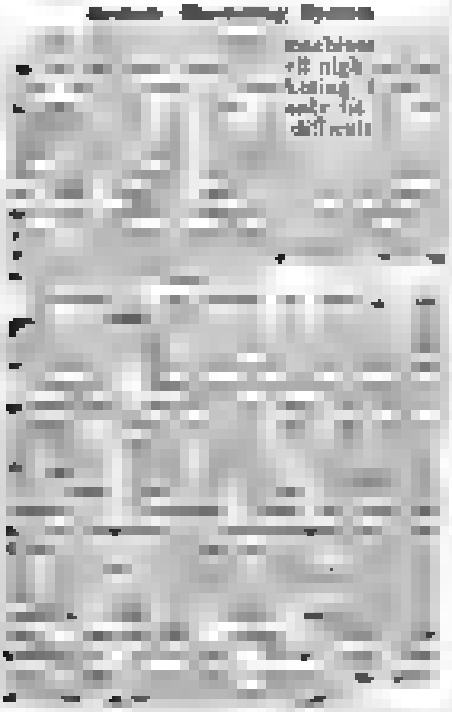
[illegible]

PUBLICITY BOARD GOVERNMENT OF ALBERTA

[illegible]

Selling Canada's Pooled Wheat





We make it a point to keep large stocks of wheat of all grades at these various ports and are therefore always in a position to supply any market in Europe.

Ocean Tonnage Chartering

Offers of ocean tonnage come through to Winnipeg from our agents in New York, Montreal and London. We are the largest individual charterers of ocean tonnage in the market today. Therefore, we attract a very large percentage of the tonnage that is available for grains and, as a consequence, are often in a position to secure more favorable rates by our willingness to take on a large line of space. Control of a large volume is bound to place us at a distinct advantage over our competitors. This gives us an opportunity, through the different stages of the movement, to make various savings in costs; these may be on lake freights, storage at elevators, or ocean freights. Offices at Calgary and Vancouver handle our selling from the Pacific. In the East our offices at Fort William, Toronto, Montreal, Buffalo and New York, keep our grain in our own care right through the seaboard. Every cent of these savings goes back to the producers, of course, and stands to the favor of the Pool system.

This Year's Exports

I think I am safe in saying that in this past year we will have marketed direct for export 75 per cent. of our total receipts of grain, which means exporting more than 140,000,000 bushels. To market this enormous quantity of wheat successfully we surrounded ourselves with the very best agents we could secure, and we believe that after three years' experience we have been successful and fortunate in our choices. We are represented in practically every importing country where we keep our agents supplied daily with either offers or quotations.

The number of our agents in the various countries is as follows: England 7, Ireland 2, Denmark 2, Italy 2, Germany 4, and one each in Scotland, Holland, Belgium, Norway, Sweden, Portugal, Greece, Switzerland, Mexico, Brazil and China. We have our own office in Paris, and are doing a very large trade with that country. Practically all the Manitoba wheat imported into France has been sold by the Canadian Wheat Pool. In Greece and Italy the Wheat Pool sells more than 80 per cent. of all the Canadian wheat handled.

This remarkable development in our export trade has in my mind, a great deal to do with the outstanding success of the Canadian Wheat Pool since it was organized. Our huge export trade enables us to distribute the wheat to the consumers as it is wanted, with the result that prices are not adversely affected. We have organized our own markets for our own commodities and, therefore, are not compelled to let the grain trade do the selling for us. We have little doubt that in a few years every bushel of wheat entrusted to the Pool will be marketed direct to Europe by the Pool, excepting, of course, the quantity of grain that must be supplied to the Canadian mills. When this has been accomplished, we will have gone a long way towards attaining the object we have in view.

Impossible To Obtain Exorbitant Prices

When one has the control of supplies from any particular country, great care must be exercised in the handling of that control. It must always be remembered that wheat is a world's commodity and although for a certain period an abnormal

Two Supreme Bargains For July

Leather and Hides prices have advanced sharply of late and these advances will soon be reflected in all Harness and Leather Goods, but here is your opportunity to buy at a price much below today's value, to say nothing of what prices will be in a few weeks from now.

The very choicest of material and workmanship and each article must satisfy you that you have saved several dollars or I will refund your money.

THESE PRICES ARE POSITIVELY ONLY GOOD FOR JULY.

No. 46 SADDLE COMES FOR ONLY $24.00

This Saddle is regularly sold at a far higher price but I will leave you to judge of the value when you see it.

It is made with a 12 inch bulge laced front, 13½ inch seat, 1¼ inch stirrup leathers to buckle, felt lined skirts, steel horn leather covered, and all finished with a narrow embossed border. Wood stirrups.

No. 35D Without Breeching	Add only $1.75 per Set for Brass Bell Top Harness if Wanted	No. 35E with Breeching
$38.50		$50.50

NOTE SIZES

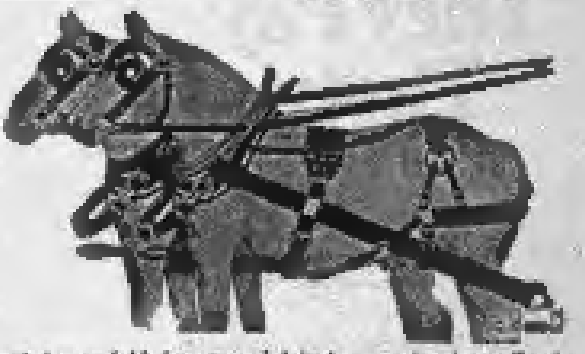
Bridles are 7-8 in. and horse spotted as shown.

Lines are 1 1-8 in., 31 ft. with snaps.

Breast Straps and Martingales are 1 1-4 in. with snaps and slides.

Traces are 2 inch 2 ply, 1 row sewn with rings.

Pads are heavy pullcord style, horse spotted.



Breeching in five ring style with heavy folded seam and 1 inch strapping (no collars). All steel hames.

EVERY SET IS "SQUARE DEAL" QUALITY AND FULLY GUARANTEED.

Established 16 years

Address: THOS. McKNIGHT
136 PRINCESS ST. WINNIPEG, MAN.

HOLT COMBINED HARVESTER

See them on Display at both CALGARY and EDMONTON EXHIBITIONS

One equipped with Grain Swather and Pickup

One equipped with Stook Pickup.

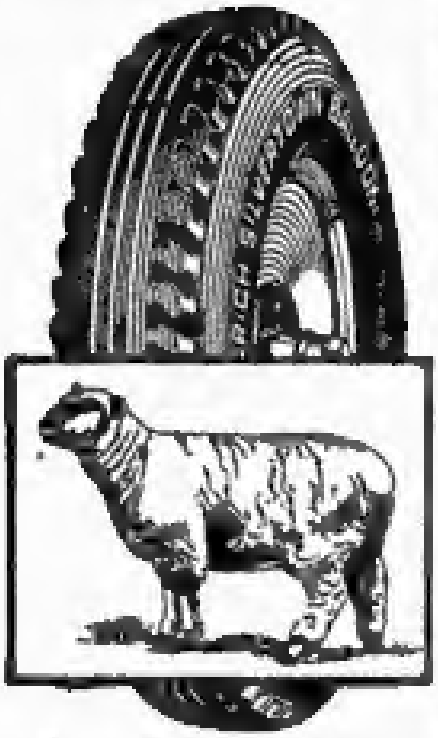
SEE THE LATEST COMBINED HARVESTER!

Union Tractor & Harvester Company Limited
CALGARY ALBERTA

Dr. C. E. Messenger
CHIROPRACTOR
Chronic Cases a Specialty
X-Ray Laboratory in Office
Third Floor, Lancaster Block
CALGARY

When Answering Advertisements Please Mention The U.F.A.

CANCER
and Tumors successfully treated (removed) without knife or pain. All work guaranteed. Come, or write for free Sanatorium Book
Dr. WILLIAMS SANATORIUM



"They Pay Their Way"

Purebred animals and Silvertowns! One the result of long, careful breeding . . . the other of over 56 years' experience in making things from rubber.

It's the extra money-saving mileage they give that has won for Silvertowns their priceless reputation. Their unfailing dependability maintains and strengthens it.

And remember—Goodrich Tires are now made in Canada and cost no more than other tires. Priced to meet every purse at your nearest Goodrich dealer.

Goodrich Silvertown Cord Tires
"THEY PAY THEIR WAY"
CANADIAN GOODRICH COMPANY LIMITED
Kitchener, Canada

price could be enacted, still in the long run a reaction would come. The control of supplies should not be used for the purpose of extorting prohibitive prices but to regulate the movement, which is bound to have the natural effect of bringing about the actual true value of wheat. We cannot ever expect to get more than the true value. After all, the price of wheat is governed by what the consumer will pay. The spread between the price of bread and of wheat has been abnormally wide in the past, but it is evident that it is being regulated, due largely to the Pool's control over supplies, as we find the price of bread has been practically stable in London for some time past even with the wide fluctuations in wheat during 1926. Let us not forget that the sources of supply are numerous, as are also the possibilities of expansion of production. And the uses of substitutes under the stimulus of rising prices are so unlimited that permanent control of any market anywhere for any kind of farm commodity is impossible.

As far as price-raising is concerned, we cannot hope to do much more than stop the present system of reckless marketing by the individual shipper, which has been the cause of breaking prices at certain seasons to levels much below wheat's actual true value. This can be, and is being done through the Pool's control of supplies and regulation of movement of the supplies to the consuming market.

It is surely possible to get a good price for growers and still not make the consumer suffer. This is self-evidently practical when you consider that the price of bread in Europe has fluctuated only a fraction in comparison to the fluctuations in wheat during the past five years. We must remember that the consumer is our final customer and raising of the price of wheat should not be directed against him. Our chief aim should be to market our commodities judiciously so that the consuming market is not asked to absorb more wheat than it needs, and in this way tend for higher prices and for stabilized markets without actually making the consumer suffer.

DELEGATION TO STUDY CO-OPERATIVE MARKETING

As a move toward developing an educational policy along co-operative lines in the Province, a delegation of five Alberta men, including Dr. D. A. McGibbon of the Department of Economics, University of Alberta; J. R. Love, M.L.A., and A. Scott of the Provincial Dairy Pool; A. B. Claypool of the Livestock Pool and D. M. Malin of the Egg and Poultry Pool, will attend an institute of co-operative economics at the Northwestern University Chicago, during the first week of July.

This action was decided on at a meeting of the trustees of the wheat board surplus fund, who include Hon. George Hoadley, Dr. McGibbon, Norman S. Clarke and Ben Plumer, as it was felt that profitable use of this unexpended fund might be made in paying the cost of sending this delegation which will obtain valuable information to be used in further solving Alberta's co-operative marketing problems. The information brought back by these men will be made available to those in the Province who are interested in securing further education along co-operative lines.

Was From "Alberta Farmer"

In our last issue we quoted an article on page 14 under the heading "'Observer's' Observations on the Wheat Pool." This was attributed in error to the *Alberta Farm Journal*. The article by "Observer" was of course from the *Alberta Farmer*.

MACLEOD CONVENTION JULY 18th

To all U.F.A. and U.F.W.A. Locals in the Macleod Federal Constituency:

The Annual Convention of the Macleod Federal Constituency Association will be held in the Town Hall of Macleod on Monday, July 18th at 1 p.m. sharp. Representation will be based on one delegate for each 10 members or major portion thereof. All Locals are asked to have a full representation and as many others as can come are urged to do so.

O. G. Coote, M.P. will give his report on the activities of the last session and reports of the expenses of the last campaign will be presented to the meeting.

If you have any resolutions you want brought before the next U.F.A. Convention have your Local send them in for discussion.

HUGH F. SPENCER, *Secretary.*

Co-operatives United With Unions Against Government Attack

(*Co-operative News Service*)

The British co-operative movement has thrown its full support to the trade unions in resisting the Government's Trade Unions Bill, which would cripple the trade unions, limit the rights of civil servants to organize and deprive the Labor Party of much of its financial support from the unions. So drastic has been the Government's attack that it has united the whole British labor movement as seldom before, and has brought the co-operatives to realize that they must stand by the unions or themselves go down to defeat with the rest of the labor movement. The central board of the Co-operative Union has decided that the whole strength of the co-operative movement is to be used in the campaign against the bill, and that the movement will work with the Labor Party and the Trades Union Congress to this end. The following resolution was adopted unanimously:

"The central board of the Co-operative Union, having examined the Trades Disputes and Trade Unions Bill, is of the opinion that the bill is designed to interfere with the legitimate functions of trade unions in their efforts to maintain for their members a reasonable standard of living; and if the bill is allowed to become law it will imperil the foundations upon which associated democracy has been built up in this country. The central board of the Co-operative Union condemns the bill on the ground that:

"(a) It discriminates unfairly between combinations of workmen and employers to the serious disadvantage of the former.

"(b) That it destroys the principle of majority government in the democratic organization of the workers by seeking to prevent the collective subscriptions of democracy for political purposes, and by so doing it perpetuates and accentuates the advantages of the capitalist parties who obtain their funds from wealthy subscribers.

"(c) It represents an unwarranted interference with the civic rights of civil servants.

"The central board of the Co-operative Union desires to warn co-operators that the capitalist interests that have demanded this bill from the Government are the same business and political interests that are striving to hamper the legitimate development of co-operation, and therefore calls upon co-operators to assist the trade unions in every possible way to defeat this reactionary measure."

For Your Protection

We do not sell by mail—but will have our representative in your district call and look over your property. He is a thoroughly trained horticulturist who will give you free assistance in the planning of your planting, the selection of suitable Trees, Shrubs, Fruits and Flowers to plant, and expert advice on how to plant and care for the stock. The nursery stock we supply will assure the success of your planting—for it has been proven hardy in thousands of plantings on the Prairies, and is guaranteed to grow. Write us today.

Prairie Nurseries Ltd.

ESTEVAN, SASK.

Largest Growers of Trees and Shrubs in Canada

"BUILT ON SERVICE"

CLEANING AND DYEING

Garments and Household Goods of all kinds cleaned and dyed. Price list and information upon request.

EMPIRE CLEANING & DYEING CO., Ltd.
804-806 Twelfth Ave. West, Calgary, Alta.

CLASSIFIED SECTION

WANT, SALE AND EXCHANGE COLUMNS

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in this section for five cents per word per insertion.

Count each initial as a full word, also count each set of four figures as a full word, as for example, "X. Z. Smith has 1,000 bushels of Oats for sale," contains 10 words. Be sure to give your correct name and address. Do not have any replies sent to U.F.A. Central Office. Name and address will be counted as part of the advertisement and must be paid for at the same rate. All advertisements will be classified under the heading which applies most nearly to the article advertised. Orders for classified advertisements must be accompanied by cash, and must reach us at least eight days in advance of dates of publication, which are the 1st and 15th of each month. Copy(Address must also reach us eight days in advance.

Address all correspondence to "The U.F.A." Lougheed Bldg., Calgary, Alta.

MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED—5 TON FLATTOPM SCALE, NOT 40 tanned-hand. Send prices to W. Carstairs, Secretary Glenevis Local, Glenevis, Alta.

MAYTAG ELECTRIC WASHER WITH 80c MOTOR. Thoroughly rebuilt and refinished. Good as new. Lifetime guarantee. Maytag. 2158-8th Ave. West, Calgary.

READY FOR THE BIG MONEY CROP. FIFTY strong hives Italian bees $17.50 each, complete, while they last. Laying Queens just ready, $1.50 each. Geo. Taylor, 814-7th Avenue, Saskatoon.

PEDIGREED CHINCHILLA RABBITS FROM IM-ported stock. Write for prices. John Olson, Olds, Alberta.

THE ALBERTA CO-OPERATIVE LEAGUE IS prepared to give Locals lowest quotations on our shipments of binder twine, salt, barbed wire, nails, fence posts, and all other requirements for the farm. Send in your requisition now. T. Sutcliffe-Hurst, Secretary, Edgerton.

POULTRY

"LICE DESTROYER". DROP A TABLET IN THE fowls' drinking water and the lice soon vanish. Box, post paid, delivered. Guaranteed. George Wood Mfg., Bolsover St., Toronto.

FRUIT FOR SALE

STRAWBERRIES, RASPBERRIES, $4.50. Post-paid. Cherries, $2.00 delivered. Prices for other fruits. Discount to U.F.A. Locals. Fraser Farms, Mission, B.C.

SPECIAL—COMBINATION FRUIT AND VEGE-table Hamper. One-quarter crate berries; three-quarters crate assorted fruit, tender vegetables. Try one. May-June price $2.50. Later $2.00 per crate. Write for fruit price list. Quality Fruit Farms, Chilliwack, B.C.

FRUIT FOR PRESERVING OR CANNING PUR-poses. The Sumas Farmers Co-Op. Association are endeavor to get in touch with Consumers on the Prairies, through their Co-operative Associations, for the purpose of supplying the consumer as near first hand as possible with Berries for Jam and Canning purposes, also crated fruit of all kinds. Give it a try through your Association. Sumas Co-operative Association, Abbotsford, B.C.

FARM MACHINERY

MAYTAG 20TH FEEDER, THOROUGHLY OVER-hauled. Guaranteed perfect order. Very cheap. Maytag Co. Ltd., Calgary.

HOOF OWNERS, STOP SHOEING—SEND your hoofs. Dependable Hoof Co., Streator, Ill.

SWINE

REGISTERED FALL DUROC—FROST REGISTERED Pigs $30.00 F.O.B. Millet. T. H. Howes.

FOR SALE—PEDIGREED DUROC PIGS, FEBRUARY March and April litters. Satisfaction guaranteed. W. L. Gray, Millet, Alta.

LIVESTOCK

SELLING REGISTERED HOLSTEIN BULL, AGE five years. Dam, Belvedere Princess Fayne. Gentle disposition. $100. John Barron, Bindloss, Alberta.

CHAMPION ATHELSTANE BULL, FOUR YEARS old. Sire and grandsire, Grand Champions; dam, daughter of Grandview Rose. Bull calves, extra quality. Herd fully accredited. James Allen, Hughenden, Alta.

ABERDEEN ANGUS HERD FOR SALE—5 BULLS and forty females to bite to suit purchaser, attractive prices. L. McCuish, Can. Nat. Rly., Hanley, Alberta.

PEDIGREED SWINE AND LIVESTOCK ARE IN demand throughout the Province. Sell off your surplus stock through The U.F.A. Classified Section. Reaches 46,000 readers. Price only five cents a word.

FOR SALE—REGISTERED SHORTHORN R.O.P. cows. Bulls and Heifers from R.O.P. cows. R. J. C. Banks, Acme.

HEALTH

OSTEOPATHIC HEALTH HOME, CALGARY—Fasting, dieting, baths, electricity, massage, nervous diseases, piles specialty.

PLEASANT ROOT RABBIT, STRAIGHTENS overbites and relieves hair; send address. A. C. Stokes, Mohawk, Florida.

LEGAL AND PATENTS

FOULD, SELLAR & HARVIE, BARRISTERS, SOLI-citors and Patent Attorneys and Agents for all countries. 307 Alberta Corner, Calgary. Patent drawings and applications prepared by our own staff, ensuring secrecy and prompt service.

W. H. SELLAR
Barrister and Solicitor
308 Canada Landscape Building, Calgary
Phone M1788 Res. Phone M3844

SHORT, ROSS, SHAW & MATHERS
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries
IMPERIAL BANK BLDG., CALGARY

NOW IS THE TIME

TO PLACE YOUR ORDER

—for—

HOLLAND EXTRA PRIME BINDER TWINE

The Twine that excels in length, strength, and evenness

Always treated with insect repellent

OUR BRANDS:

QUEEN CITY, 500 ft.
PRAIRIE PRIDE, 600 ft.
MANITOBA SPECIAL, 650 ft.

Made 8 lb. and 5 lb. balls stand up to the last without snarling or waste.

Harold & Thompson

SELLING AGENTS IN
MANITOBA, SASKATCHEWAN, ALBERTA
REGINA - - Saskatchewan

See your nearest "HOLLAND" dealer.

NOW Is the time to consider the kind of BINDER TWINE

YOU WANT THIS YEAR

WE SUGGEST U.G.G. TWINE

THERE IS NONE BETTER!

OUR GUARANTEE OF QUALITY PROTECTS YOU!!

OUR AGENT IS AT YOUR SERVICE.

Ask him for information or get in touch with our office at

CALGARY or EDMONTON

UNITED GRAIN GROWERS LTD.

Printed for the United Farmers of Alberta at the office of the Alberton Job Press Limited, 816-8th Avenue East, Calgary, Alberta